

TECHNOLOGY UNLIMITED

APPLICATIONS

dome tweeter for 3 way or super tweeter for 4- or 5-way constructions

FEATURES

very low rise time
high power handling
rigid hexacoil technique
liquid cooling of vo
flexible wire connectors
soft dome material
no ringings
aperiodic damped double
chamber enclosure
very flat impedance curve
correct time aligned when
used with other DYNAUDIO
drivers

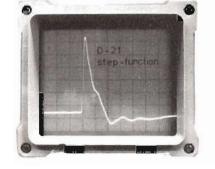
The moving system of this 5/6" (21 mm) soft dome tweeter is of extremely light weight. This together with the high flux density of the

magnet system and the magnetic fluid result in an extremely fow rise time and the response exceeds 35 kHz. The aperiodic damping and the high power handling give a natural and open sound with very good resolution. Transient peaks of more than 1000 watts are reproduced with full dynamic without compression. Ears used to normal speakers in the beginning will miss the usual ringings and overshoots. In 3-way system to be crossed at around 5000 Hz. As a super tweeter

starting from 10 .. 15 kHz, 6 dB.



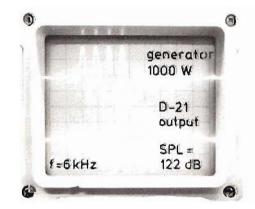
This STEPFUNCTION discloses clearly the quality standard of the unit. The slope drops without re-rising which stands for all frequencies. Very few speaker manufacturers are using this method of testing, perhaps because of the results?

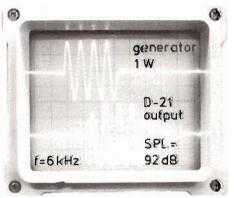


Tone bursts are the best way to obtain an accurate picture of overall acoustic performance. Regrettably they are mostly used only to test rise-time and ringing - which shows much more clearly with a step function test! With a tone burst, all the moving parts of a speaker can be loaded without burning the voice coil. With a given frequency the SPL should be 30 dB higher at 1000 W input when compared with a 1 W input, if the output is linear. This test shows the driver's ability to reproduce the transients without compression. The right picture shows that even a 1000 W input is not the limit: the dynamic response is absolutely linear. Data given in catalogues (and even test of forces and and accurate forces and and accurate forces are desired.

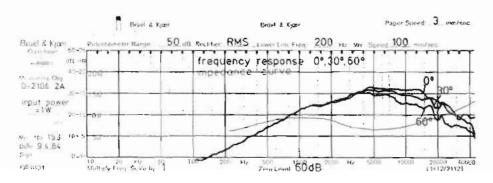
calculated figures and not measured values.

This compression effect is either under-rated or ignored very often. That is why many speakers do not produce SPL's above 100 dB. in spite of higher theoretical specifications. However this test exposes such anomalies between calculations and actual measurements.

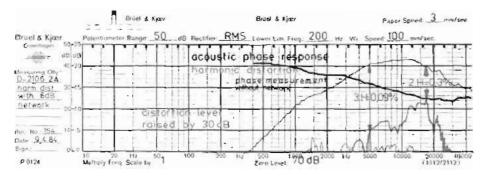




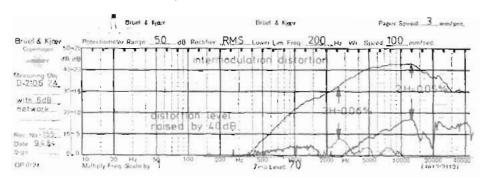




The 30° and 60° curves indicate wide dispersion with correct phase. The impedance curve is flat because of aperiodic damping and magnaflex.



Low harmonic distortions. No phase shift to be noted, 6 dB filter used,



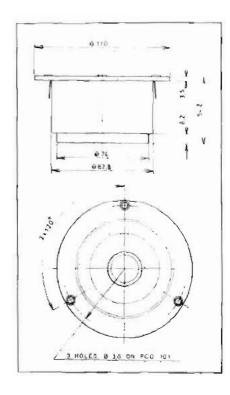
The intermodulation distortion diagram demonstrates: the D-21 converts the input signal into clean sound pressure.

Compliance:				Overall dimensions:	0 110	0 x 55	mm
suspension	Cms	-		Power handling:			
acoustic	Cas	-		nominal	DIN	60	0 W
equivalent volume	Vas	-		'music	DIN	120	0 W
Çone:				Iransient	10 ms	100	0 W
eff. cone area	SD	4,9	cm ²	Q-factor			
moving mass	Mms	0.24	g	mechanical	Qms:	0,62	2
lin, vol. displacement	Vd	3,4	cm ³	electrical	Qes	1,21	
mech, resistance	Rms			total	Qts	0.41	
lin, excursion P-P	Xmax	0.7	mm	Resonance frequency free air:	Is	130	0 Hz
max excursion P-P		2,0	mm	Sensitivity:	W/1m	92 d	18
Frequency response:	20	000/35	000 Hz	Voice coil:			
Harmonic distortion:		0.3	9/5	diameter	d	21	mm
Intermodulation distortion		0,06	cho.	length	h	3,2	ממתו
Magnetsystem:				layers	n	2	
total gap flux		280	μ Wb	inductance (1 kHz)	Le	0.08	3 mH
flux density		1.75	Tesla	nom, impedance	Zvc	8	Ω
gapenergy		125	mW's	min, impedance	Zmin	6,4	Ω
force factor	$B \times L$	4.01	Tm	DC resistance	Re	5,3	Ω
air gap volume	Vg	0.11	cm ³	Data given are as after 30 hours	al supo:		790
air gap height		2,5	mm	Data diversare as area 20 nours	SOLIUIIII	ng	
airgap width		0,65	αm				
Net weight:		0.65	kq				

*Thiele/Small parameters are measured not statically but dynamically.



The front of the D-21 has a typical design evoked by having moved the acoustic center inwards for correct phase array. The mouth very often is mistaken as a short horn arrangement. The frequency diagram to the left indicates clearly that no horn effect at all is there, no directional radiation, to the contrary a wide and ideal dispersion is measured





TECHNOLOGY UNLIMITED

APPLICATIONS

3/4" (21 mm) extended soft dome tweeter for 3-way systems or super tweeter in 4- or 5-way systems mobile sound For OEM use wide variety of faceplates

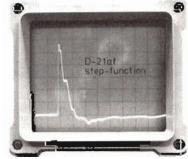
FEATURES

very low distortion
no phase shifts
aperiodic damped
double chamber
construction
rigid hexacoil
technique
soft roll off
suspension
liquid cooling
wide dynamic range
no compression of
SPL

The D-21 AF is basically the famous DYNAUDIO D-21 but the extended dome version. The moving system is extremely light. The diaphragm is a doped fabric suspended in the only correct manner of a soft roll-off avoiding antiphase of the outer ring. The Magnaflex magnetic fluid

optimizes the internal damping and dissipation of heat. The rigid Hexacoil withstands transients of far more than 1000 watts of clean music signals. The response gives a transparent, crisp and clear sound with a good resolution. The off-axis curves at 30° and 60° show the good dispersion, on-axis the curve runs linear up to 40 kHz.

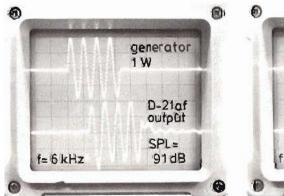


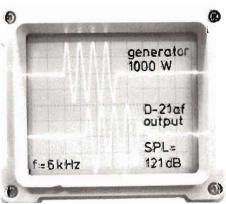


Tone bursts are the best way to obtain an accurate picture of overall acoustic performance. Regrettably they are mostly used only to test rise-time and ringing - which shows much more clearly with a step funktion test! With a tone burst, all the moving parts of a speaker can be loaded without burning the voice coil. With a given frequency the SPL should be 30dB higher at 1000 W input when compared with a 1 W input, if the output is linear. This test shows the driver's ability to reproduce the transients without compression. The right picture shows that even a 1000 W input is not the limit: the dynamic response is absolutely linear. Data given in catalogues (and

even test reports) normally are calculated figures and not measured values.

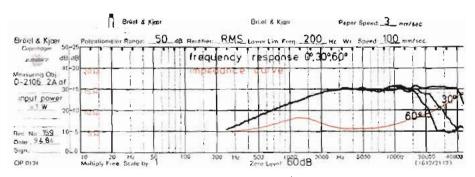
This compression effect is either under-rated or ignored very often. That is why many speakers do not produce SPL's above 100 dB, in spite of higher theoretical specifications. However this test exposes such anomalies between calculations and actual measurements.



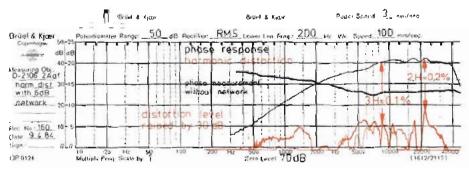




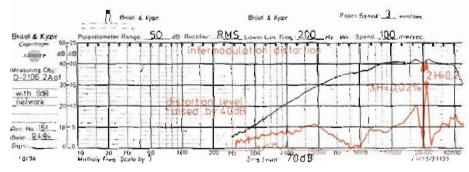




Frequency response from 3.000 up to 40.000 Hz $\stackrel{+}{\sim}$ 1 dB!! The impedance curve shows the resonance well damped.



The acoustically measured phase indicates no jumps. The harmonic distortions are very low figures.

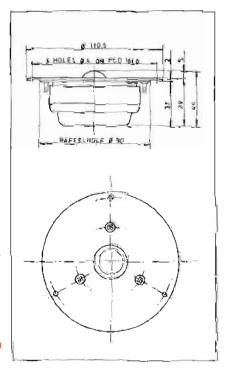


Level had to be raised by 40 dB (!)

		/10	V De	ome
			7	
Mag ****	ne i	.c.	× /	Voice Coil 2
		4		
				. V

The advantages of the aperiodic damping are consequently applied to all DYNAUDIO dome constructions and may be achieved to all cabinet enclosures by using the VARIOVENT. Aperiodic damping may be compared with a shock absorber in a motor car Physically the aperiodic damping acts like a DC-resistance in the oscillating circuit.

Compliance;					Overall dimensions:		Ø 110 x 4	12 mm
suspension		C_{ms}	-		Power handling:			
acoustic		Cas	-		'nomina!	DIM	600	W
equivalent volume		V_{as}	_		"music	DIN	1200	W
Cone:					fransient	10 ms	1000	VV
eff. cone area		\$ _D	4,9	cm ²	O-tactor:			
moving mass		Mms	0,24	g	medianical	Qms	0,62	
hin. volumie displac	ment.	Vd	3.4	cm ³	electrical	Q_{es}	1,21	
inech resistance		Rms			total	O_{ts}	0,41	
lier, excuesion	P-P	Xmax	0,7	171/195	Resonance frequency free air	'Is	1300	Hz
MIZECONS XEIT	P-P	-	2	mm				
Frequency response		1.	500-450	000 Hz	Sensitivity.	IW/lm	91	₫B
Harmonic distortion			< 0.2	90	Value con			
Intermodulation disto	ייעוטוו.		< 0.2	%	dianleter	đ	21	mm
Magnets ystem.			-7		length	h	3,2	mm
total gap flux			280	40Wb	layers	Die	2	
flux density			1.75	Tesla	insluctance (f kHz)	ھا	0,08	mΗ
itad sueatly			125	milities	nom, impedance	Zwi	8	Ω
force factor		BxL	4.01	Tm	min impedance-	Zmao	6,4	Ω
air gap voluma		V_g	0.11	cm3	DC resistance	Re	5.3	Ω
air gap height		9	2.5	mm	0.00			
air gap width			0.65	1771111	Data given are as after 30 hor	tus of thi	សាលថ	
Net weight			0.55	kg	Depends on cabinet construc	Lion		





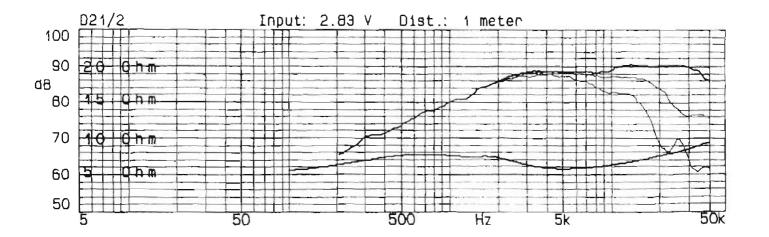
93.05.27.

PARAMETERS: D-21/2

Measured in free air and with imp.corr. (6R8/0.68uF)

PRELIMINARY SHEET

Q, mechanical	Qπ	0.7
Q, electrical	Qe	1.1
Q, total	Qt	0.4
Resonance frequency	Fs	1300 Hz
Maximum impedance	Zmax	
Moving mass	Mms	0.35 g
Force factor	BL	3.7 Tm
Equiv. volume	Vas	
Effective cone area	Sd	4.9 cm ²
Lin. excursion (p-p)	Xmax	0.3 mm
Max. excursion (p-p)		2.0 mm
man: Onoullion (p p)		200 Kilk
VOICE COIL:		
Diameter	đ	21 mm
Length	h	2.9 mm
Layers	n	2
Inductance (10kHz)	Le	0.05 mH
Nom. impedance	Zvc	8 Ohms
DC resistance	Re	5.2 Ohms
Sensitivity	2.83V	see curve
Bendrei vie	2.03	SCC CULVC
POWER HANDLING:		
Nominal (long term)	IEC	130 W
Transient	10ms	1000 W
Net weight	101113	
_		570 g
Overall dimensions		Ø111 x 46 mm



D-28

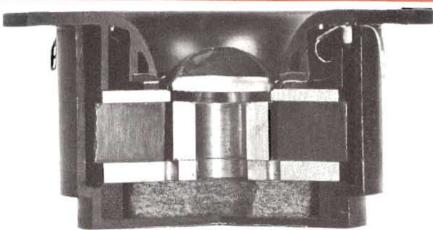
TECHNOLOGY UNLIMITED

APPLICATIONS

1.1 inch (28 mm) soft dome tweeter for 2- and 3-way systems with supertweeter also in 4- and 5-way systems mobile hifi commercial and PA



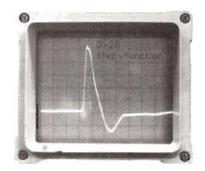
soft roll-off suspension vented magnet motor aperiodically damped Hexacoil technique Magnaflex cooling / damping flexible connector wires high power handling dynamic range more than 127 dB - no compression very high efficency very low THD



The D - 28 has the most advanced tweeter technology. Regularly improvements have secured this position for many years. Professional users value the enormyous dynamic range of more than 127 dB SPL without compression which is important with todays high class high power electronic. The exceptional shape eases the time alignment and improves the efficency without any horn characteristic.



The rise time of a speaker is measured by means of a STEP-FUNCTION. The total is set to be 100 %, then 10 % and 90 % are marked. The first 10 % is the phase of acceleration, the last 10 % is the deceleration phase of the diaphragm. The 80 % between both marks are defined as the movement of the diaphragm. The time needed for this phase is called the rise time. The step function of the D-28 often is used as a scientific example because of its linearity.

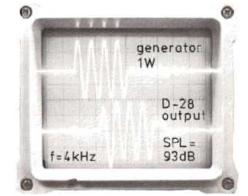


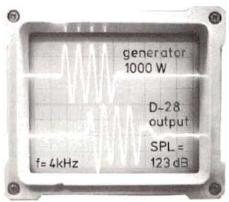
TONE BURSTS

Tone bursts are the best way to obtain an accurate picture of overall acoustic performance. Regrettably they are mostly used only to test rise-time and ringing - which shows much more clearly with a step function test! With a tone burst, all the moving parts of a speaker can be loaded without burning the voice coil. With a given frequency the SPL should be 30 dB higher at 1000 W input when compared with a 1 W input, if the output is linear. This test shows the driver's ability to reproduce the transients without compression. The right picture shows that even a 1000 W input is not the limit: the dynamic

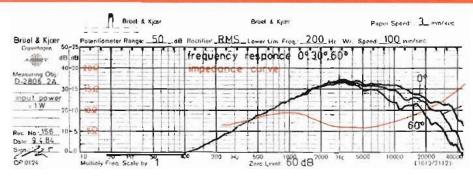
response is absolutely linear. Data given in catalogues (and even test reports) normally are calculated figures and not measured values.

This compression effect is either under-rated or ignored very often. That is why many speakers do not produce SPL's above 100 dB, in spite of higher theoretical specifications. However this test exposes such anomalies between calculations and actual measurements.

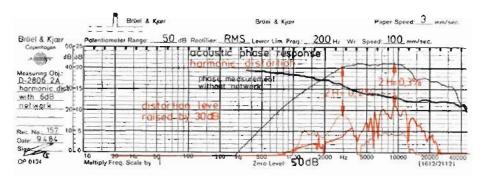




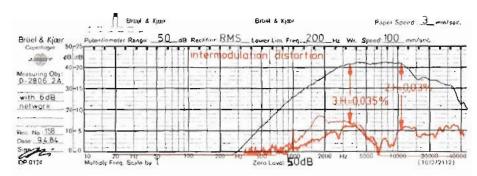




The 30° and 60° off-axis curves prove clearly that the special house construction has no directional/horn effect at all.



The acoustic phase runs linear up to 50 kHz.



What other system has datas like these? Intermodulation distortion level had to be raised by 40 dB.

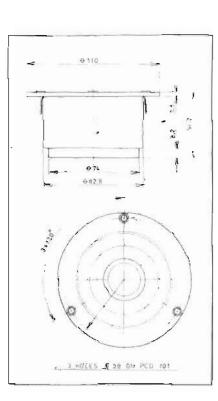


DYNAUDIO tweeter and midrange domes are always made of special soft cloth. This is important for the resolution and the precision of the response of the high end.

A certain bending pattern is unavoidable to the dome material whileforcing it back and forwards. With soft material this effect is not audible. The harder the diaphragm materials is (i.e. plastic, aluminium, titanium, beryllium etc.) the more this bending effect is heard and measured as the distortion potential.

Compliance:				Overall dimensions:	Ø 110	Dx55mm
suspension	Cms	-		Power handling:		
acoustic	Cas	-		'nominal	DIN	300 W
equivalent volume	Vas	-		'music	DIN	1200 W
Cone:				Vansient	10 ms	1000 W
eff. cone area	SD	8,5	cm ²	Q-factor:		
moving mass	Mms	0,51	9	mechanical	Oms	0.61
lin. vol. displacement	٧d	6.0	cm³	electrical	Oes	1,11
mech, resistance	Rms	-		total	Ois	0,39
lin. excursion P-P	Xmax	0,7	mm	Resonance frequency free air:	Ís	700 Hz
max excursion P-P		3,2	mm	Sensitivity:	1 W / 1 m	93 d 8
Frequency response	1	200/250	000 Hz	Voice coil:		
Harmonic distortion;		0,3	0/∆	diameter	d	28 mm
Intermodulation distortion	٦.	0,035	4/5	length	h	3,2 mm
Magnetsystem:				layers	n	2
total gap flux		340	h MP	inductance (1kHz)	Le	0.09 mb
flux density		1,52	Tesla	nom, impedance	Zvc	8 <u>()</u>
gap energy		156	mWs	min impedance	Zmin	6.4 Ω
lorce factor	8×L	4.2	Trn	DC resistance	Re	5,3 -Ω
airgap volume	Vg	0.16	cm_3	Data given are as after 30 hour	s of runo	ına
air gap height		2,5	mm	Oaka given bre 23 after 30 moor	301701111	9
airgap width		0,75	mm			
Net weight		0.6	kg			

^{*}Thicle/Small parameters are measured not statically but dynamically



D-28 AF

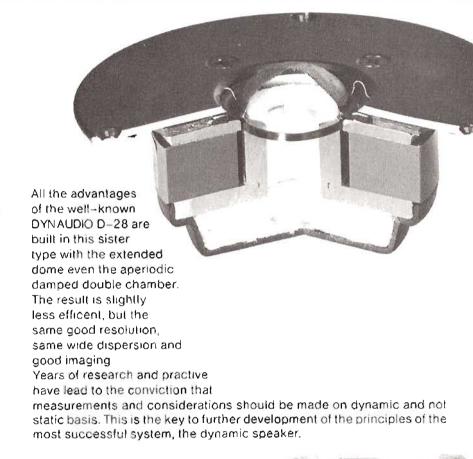
TECHNOLOGY UNLIMITED

APPLICATIONS

1 ½ 10 11 (28 mm) soft dome tweeter ideal for 2-way systems also for 3-, 4- and 5-way-combinations car fidelity.

TOTAL ATTURBUS

soft roll off
suspension
aperiodic damped
double champer construction
hexacoil technique
very low distortions
high power handling
no phase shifts
magnaflex liquid
cooling
wide dynamic range
no compression of SPL.



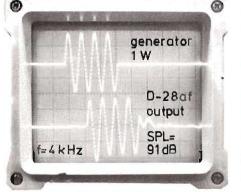
The STEP-FUNCTION of this tweeter shows the advantages of the extrem light weight of the moving system. The rise time is calculated here branding the D-28 AF to be one of the fastest tweeter of its size. Besides this no ringing or overshoot can be seen, thanks to the excellent damping by magnetic stregth, aperiodic construction and MAGNAFLEX magnetic fluid.

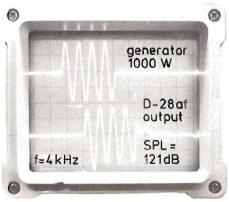


Tone bursts are the best way to obtain an accurate picture of overall acoustic performance. Regrettably they are mostly used only to test rise-time and ringing - which shows much more clearly with a step funktion test! With a tone burst, all the moving parts of a speaker can be loaded without burning the voice coil. With a given frequency the SPL should be 30dB higher at 1000 W input when compared with a 1 W input, if the output is linear. This test shows the driver's ability to reproduce the transients without compression. The right picture shows that even a 1000 W input is not the limit: the dynamic response is absolutely linear. Data given in catalogues (and

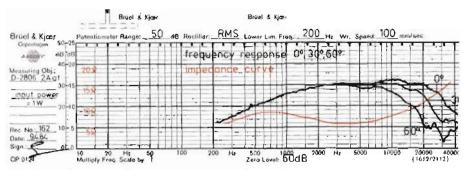
even test reports) normally are calculated figures and not measured values.

This compression effect is either under-rated or ignored very often. That is why many speakers do not produce SPL's above 100 dB, in spite of higher theoretical specifications. However this test exposes such anomalies between calculations and actual measurements.

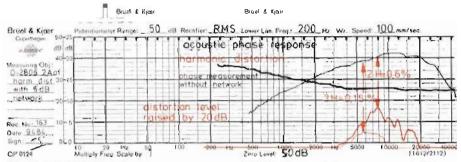




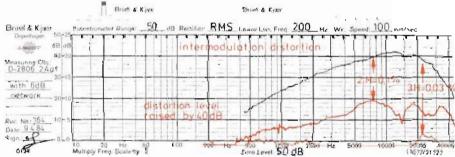




The impedance maximum at resonance does not exceed 8 Ohms! Balanced frequency response from 1,500 up to 22,000 Hz



Exceptional linear phase response up to 40 kHz. The h.d. is measured at 110 dB SPL1 $\,$



The i. d. measurement is made at 90 dB SPL as well. Unusual low i. d. even at this high power lewel.

	filter slopes					
mgasyrement	18 dB/5ci	12 dB/oct	6 d8/oct			
amplitude	linear	nonlinear	linear			
pháse	поліпеаг	กุธดุโเกฮูลเ	linear			
impuls	very bad	bad	მიიი			

The more components a filter network has the more distortion of one or the other kind is produced. High quality components do less than average in this respect but they still do. 6 dB filters do need the lowest number of components and have ideal phase characteristic. Only if the speaker unit has a well damped resonance and soft roll-off in both ends 6 dB filters can be used

ALL DYNAUDIO drive units have soft roll-offs in both ends and a well damped resonance. They are for use of 6 dB filters for lowest distortion and excellent results.

Compliance:					Overall dimensions:	ø 110	x 46	mm
suspension		Cms	-		Power handling:			
acoustic		Cas	23		nominal	DIN	300	W
equivalent volume		Vas	=		*music	DIN	1.200	W
Cone:					transient	10 ms	1.000	₩
eff. cone area		So	8,5	cm ²	O-factor			
moving mass		Maris	0.51	g	mechanical	Oms	0,61	
lin, volume displace	ement	Vd	6,0	cm ³	electrical	Oes	1,11	
mech resistance		Fms			total	Ors	0,39	
lis excursion	P-P	Xmax	0.7	mm	Resonance frequency free air	Is	700	Hz
max, excursion	PP		3,2	mm			. 00	
Frequency response:		1.000 -	30.000	Hz	Sensitivity:	IW/Im	91	dB
Harmonic distortion			0.6	%	Voice coil:			
Intermodulation disto-	สีเด็ก:		0.1	9/0	diameter	a	28	mm
Magnetsystem					le ngttr	n	3,2	mni
total gap flux			340	OW	layers	al.	2	
flux density			1.53	Tesla	inductance (1 kHz)	1.8		Child
gap energy			156	mWs	пот ітрефапсе	Zvc	0.09 8	Ω
force factor		BxI.	4.2	Tm	mm, impedance	Zmin	6.4	0
air gap volume		Vg	0.16	cm3	DC resistance	Re	5.3	Ω
air gap height		9	2.5	ന്ന	6			•-
air gap width			0.75	mm	Data given are as after 30 his	ocs of run	กเทด	
Net weight:			0,55	kg	"Diepends on cabinet construc	5500		

* Thiele/Small parameters are measured not statically but dynamically

OAFF (1 TOLE 0 90

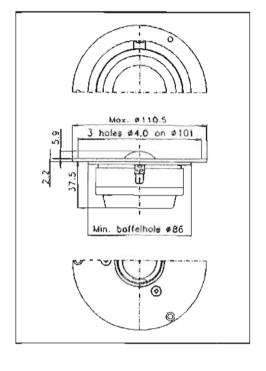
All specifications subject to change without notice

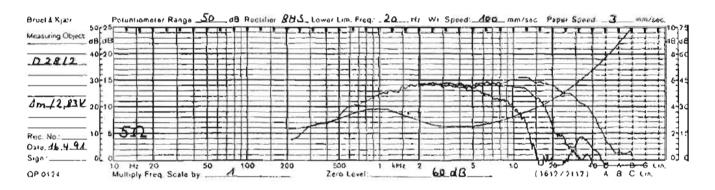


Soft Dome Tweeter D-28/2

Produced for more than 14 years, the D-28 has now been revised in many details. The improvements relate to the acoustic-musical side as well as to the inside mechanics. In terms of technical datas and measurements the D-28/2 is fully compatible with its predecessor. The application of this soft dome tweeter in 2-way systems from app. 2,000 Hz is found in many prestiglous brands and often with 6 dB crossover designs.

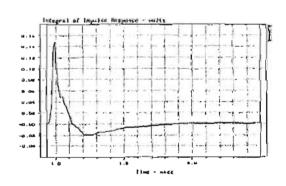
The D-28/2 is a perfect match for 3-way constructions as welf. As proven by the measurements shown here, the dynamic response of this tweeter is simply outstanding. It fully documents the advantage of this professionall designed soft-dome set against any other product.



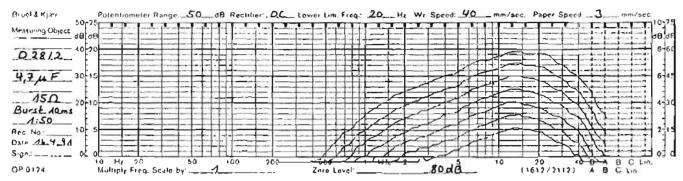


Frequency response and impedance curve of the D-28/2, distance: 1 m, on-axis, 30° and 60°.

The MLSSA measurements show the pulse response of the D-28/2.



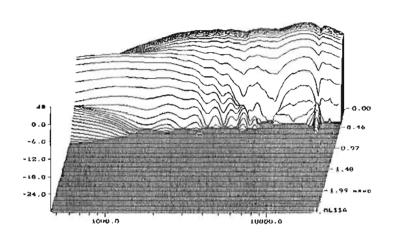
Dynamic Measurements



Levels of 1, 3, 10, 30, 100, 300 and 1,000 watts were applied while recording the curves. The parallel arrangement of the curves indicates that even fast 1,000 W peaks do not produce any compression.

MLSSA Waterfall Plot

The MLSSA cumulative spectral decay (waterfall) plot shows the energy/time response of the D-28/2. These unique results clearly show that delayed reflections have been reduced to a minimum.



Specifications

Thiele-Small Parameter:

moving mass	Q _{ms} Q _o Q _{ts} f _s BxL S _D M _{ms} X _{max}	0.71 0.97 0.41 880 Hz 3.9 Tm 7.7 cm ² 0.53 g 0.3 mm 3.2 mm	Volce coll: diameter length layers inductance(10 KHz) nom. impedance DC resistance Sensitivity	d h n L Z R.	28 mm 2.8 mm 2 0.065 8 ohms 5.2 ohms see curve
Power handling, depending on crossover: nominal (long term) transient	IEC 10ms	130 W 1,000 W	Net weight Overall dimensions		560 g Ø 111 x 46mm



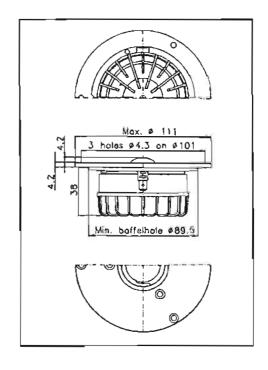
Tweeter ESOTEC® D-260

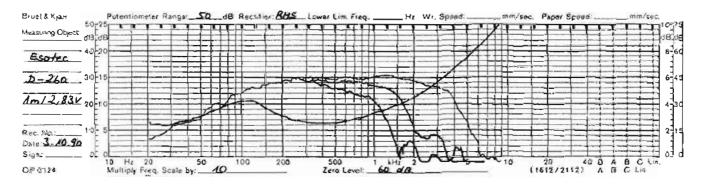
The design of the ESOTEC® D-260 has capitalized on the experience and the numerous features which helped the famous ESOTAR® T-330 D acquire its legendary reputation.

The D-260 is equipped with a new Softdome for which a new coating process has been developed, too. Further improved damping characteristics are the result.

The design of the magnet system resembles a kind of transmission line enclosure. A special material reducing internal reflections has been used for any surface in the back of the diaphragm. Due to the well-defined densities of different kind of damping material a gradual absorption of the energy directed to the rear into the cone-shaped chamber is provided. The heavily ribbed rear chamber absorbs extraordinarily reliably any vibration attack from outside.

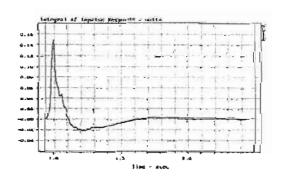
The front plate is made of cast aluminium (4 mm thick) featuring rugged bracings.



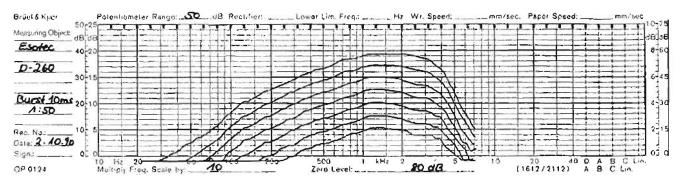


Frequency response and impedance curve ESOTEC® D-260, distance: 1 m, on-axis, 30° and 60°.

The MLSSA measurements show the pulse response of the ESOTEC® D-260. The ideal mechanical damping of the voice coil and the sophisticated acoustic damping of the rear chamber provide excellent decay characteristics.



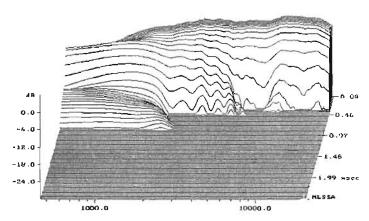
Dynamic Measurements



Levels of 1, 3, 10, 30, 100, 300 and 1,000 watts were applied while recording the curves. The parallel arrangement of the curves indicates that even fast 1,000-W-peaks do not produce any compression.

MLSSA Waterfall Plot

The MLSSA cumulative spectral decay (waterfall) plot shows the energy/time response of the ESOTEC® D-260. These fairly outstanding results clearly show that time delayed reflections have been reduced to a minimum.



Specifications

Thiele-Small Parameter:

Q, mechanical Q, electrical Q, total Resonance free air force factor eff. cone area moving mass lin. excursion (p-p) max. excursion (p-p)	Q _{ms} Q _{es} Q _{ts} f _a BxL S _O M _{ms} X _{mex}	0.83 1.14 0.48 1,000 Hz 3.9 Tm 7.7 cm ² 0.51 g 0.3 mm 3.2 mm	Voice coil: diameter length layers inductance(1KHz) nom. impedance DC resistance Sensitivity	d h n L _e Z _{vc} R _e	28 mm 2.8 mm 2 0.063 8 ohms 5.2 ohms see curve
Power handling, depending on filter: nominal (long term) transient	IEC 10ms	130 W 1000 W	Net weight Overall dimensions		640 g 111 mm



Product Information ESOTEC® D-260

New Generation

The DYNAUDIO ESOTEC® D-260 is not just another off/spring of any existing model but an entirely new construction designated to be the basis of a new tweeter generation.

Proven Basics

For more than 14 years the internationally acclaimed DYNAUDIO D-28 tweeter has been produced in ever increasing numbers and employed in the most renowned and expensive High End loud-speakers. Today there is no alternative technically as well as musically to a well tuned and optimized soft dome. Numerous new and exciting construction of tweeters have appeared during these past 14 years, but all of them have either disappeared or survive as exotic items only. The ESOTEC® D-260 is a soft dome.

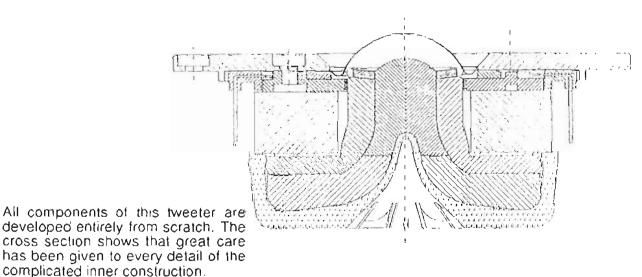
Aiming High

A few years ago the ESOTAR® T-330 D was launched. It was soon recognized as a state-of-the-art item, which considerably upgraded the international standards for quality in high frequency transducers. The high price resulting from lavish use of material and labour made this driver out of reach for many potential customers. The target now was to create a new product integrating both the know-how obtained with the T-330 D and its outstanding properties in a unit within more popular price range.

New Record

To reach this aim DYNAUDIO has invested considerably in both R & D and new tooling and machinery. This was the only way to reduce tolerances to an even lower level and still reach a given price target. On tooling and machinery alone for the ESOTEC* D-260 more than US \$ 500,000 was spent before the first product came off the production line.

Rare Insight



Important Details

Pole piece and back plate are made as one piece in a new process under very high pressure. Thus the precisely defined conical shape of the inner channel, which is of vital importance for the air flow area damping, is produced in one process. The back housing has been constructed to minimize any reflection by special shape and bracing. Also the pole plate is a new design. The dome with its bearing plate is centred on the pole plate by means of high-precision positioners. Heavy terminals are integrated in the bearing plate. Even for the front plate of the unit a new die cast was developed. The production of the soft dome itself is not based on existing tools, but a new geometric shape was constructed in accordance with our updated know-how.

In Pace

The experience with the ESOTEC® T-330 D has impressively demonstrated the importance of the precise uniformity of drivers to the definition and imaging. Therefore all construction details are aimed at absolute uniformity of reproduction.

Optimized Absorption

Apart from generally known parameters, technical priority was given to the perfect damping of the backwarded energy. With other tweeters a more or less heavy part of the energy is reflected by the pole piece resulting in heavy distortion of the transients. The internal labyrinth of the ESOTEC® D-260 absorbs all this energy. The plot of the MLSSA waterfall measurement shows clearly the ideal behaviour.

Inner Values

All surfaces opposite the back of the dome are covered with absorbing materials. The centre-hole diameter of the pole piece increases towards the bottom piece. No parallel walls are found in the back housing, which points conically into this hole. Different damping materials of defined density in the vent opening and in the back housing result in a graduated absorption close to 100% of the backwarded energy in the dome movement.

The Bottom Line: The Achievement

The unique quality of this construction is not so easy to demonstrate through conventional measurements of amplitude and frequency. Much more evident is the measurement of energy/time response. But most of the gains are evident in the musical qualities: resolution without any sharpness, dynamic without any aggressiveness are the outstanding qualities of the ESOTEC® D-260.



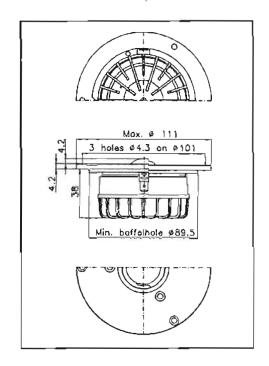
Tweeter ESOTEC® D-260

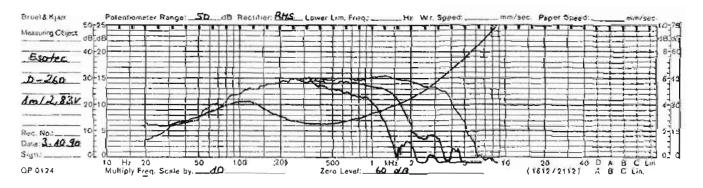
The design of the ESOTEC® D-260 has capitalized on the experience and the numerous features which helped the famous ESOTAR® T-330 D acquire its legendary reputation.

The D-260 is equipped with a new Softdome for which a new coating process has been developed, too. Further improved damping characteristics are the result.

The design of the magnet system resembles a kind of transmission line enclosure. A special material reducing internal reflections has been used for any surface in the back of the diaphragm. Due to the well-defined densities of different kind of damping material a gradual absorption of the energy directed to the rear into the cone-shaped chamber is provided. The heavily ribbed rear chamber absorbs extraordinarily reliably any vibration attack from outside.

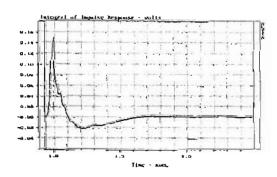
The front plate is made of cast aluminium (4 mm thick) featuring rugged bracings.



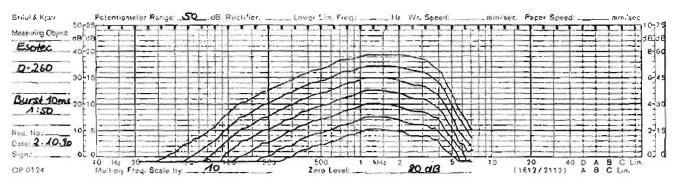


Frequency response and impedance curve ESOTEC® D-260, distance: 1 m, on-axis, 30° and 60°.

The MLSSA measurements show the pulse response of the ESOTEC® D-260. The ideal mechanical damping of the voice coil and the sophisticated acoustic damping of the rear chamber provide excellent decay characteristics.



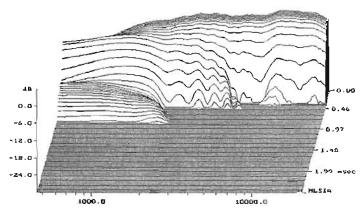
Dynamic Measurements



Levels of 1, 3, 10, 30, 100, 300 and 1,000 watts were applied while recording the curves. The parallel arrangement of the curves indicates that even fast 1,000-W-peaks do not produce any compression.

MLSSA Waterfall Plot

The MLSSA cumulative spectral decay (waterfall) plot shows the energy/time response of the ESOTEC® D-260. These fairly outstanding results clearly show that time delayed reflections have been reduced to a minimum.



Specifications

Thiele-Small Parameter:

Q, mechanical Q, electrical Q, total Resonance free air force factor eff. cone area moving mass lin. excursion (p-p) max. excursion (p-p)	Q _{ms} Q _{es} Q _{ts} f _s BxL S _D M _{mb} X _{max}	0.83 1.14 0.48 1,000 Hz 3.9 Tm 7.7 cm ² 0.51 g 0.3 mm 3.2 mm	Voice coil: diameter length layers inductance(1KHz) nom. impedance DC resistance Sensitivity	d h n L. Z _{vo} R.	28 mm 2.8 mm 2 0.063 8 ohms 5.2 ohms see curve
Power handling, depending on filter: nominal (long term) transient	IEC 10ms	130 W 1000 W	Net weight Overall dimensions		640 g 111 mm



Soft Dome Midrange ESOTAR® M-560 D

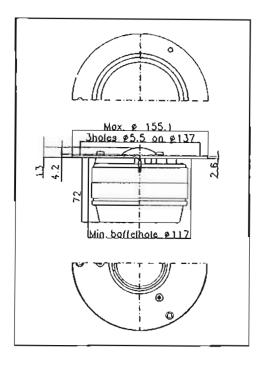
This soft dome midrange is the logical complementary to the world famous tweeter ESOTAR® T-330 D.

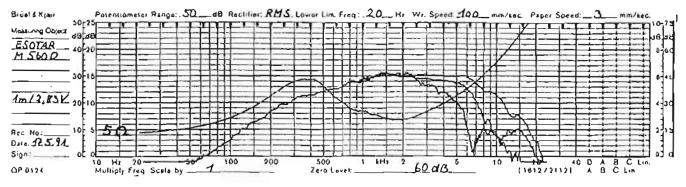
Many years of further research work was necessary to transfer the merits of this tweeter to this soft dome tweeter.

Extreme attention was given to the air flow behind the dome and inside the cavities. Experiments included rows of attempts under vacuum conditions as well. The result is a very special shape of the vent in the pole piece where air turbulences as well as reflexions are controlled now.

Hard dome material of course is more easy to produce and to work with, but once a soft dome has been designed and controlled correctly the results are superior due to lack of high resonance peaks.

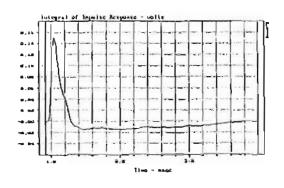
The magnet system using heavy magnet rings is assembled with Inhouse turned iron parts with lowest tolerances and the total construction is assembled under lab conditions. The ESOTAR® M-560 D is delivered by matched pairs only.



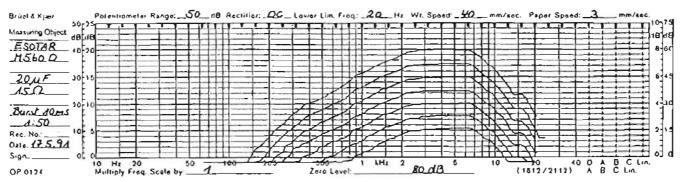


Frequency response and impedance curve of the ESOTAR® M-560 D on-axis, 30° and 60° (dist. 1 m).

The MLSSA measurements show the pulse response of the ESOTAR® M-560 D.



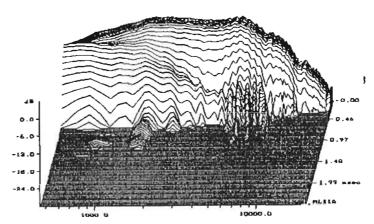
Dynamic Measurements



Levels of 1, 3, 10, 30, 100, 300 and 1,000 watts were applied while recording the curves. The parallel arrangement of the curves indicates that even fast 1,000 watt peaks do not produce any compression. Signal: Tone-Burst 10 ms, Signal-Pause 1:50.

MLSSA Waterfall Plot

The MLSSA cumulative spectral decay (waterfall) plot shows the energy/time response of the ESOTAR® M-560 D. These unique results clearly show that delayed reflections have been reduced to a minimum.



Specifications ESOTAR® M-560 D

Thlele-Small Parameter:

Measured with Imp. corr. (6.8 ohm Q, mechanical Q, electrical Q, total Resonance free air force factor eff. cone area moving mass lin. excursion (p-p) max. excursion (p-p)	Qms Qms Qms Qia fa BxL SD Mms Xmax	0.85 0.60 0.35 325 Hz 6.75 Tm 28 cm ² 3.1 g 2 mm 5 mm	Volce coil: diameter length layers inductance(10 KHz) nom. impedance DC resistance Sensitivity	d h n L. Z. R.	54 mm 7 mm 2 0.2 8 ohms 4.5 ohms see curve
depending on crossover: nominal (long term)	IEC	>100 W	Net weight		2400 g
transient	10ms	>1000 W	Overall dimensions	Ø 155 x 8	35 mm



APPLICATIONS

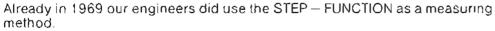
dome midrange for hifi systems 500 Hz to 6000 Hz

good combination with D-28 and D-21 or both

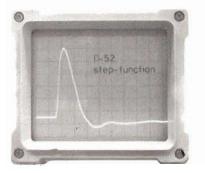
FEATURES

54 mm soft dome vented magnet motor aperiodically damped soft-roll-off flexible connection wire Hexacoil technique Magnaflex damping/cooling

If the target is a high quality system with good efficiency at budget price the D – 52 is the midrange solution. If combined with D – 28 or D – 21 the phase is homogeneous which results in very good resolution and good balance. Of course all the known DYNAUDIO characteristics as high power handling, wide dynamic range etc. are incorporated in the D-52.



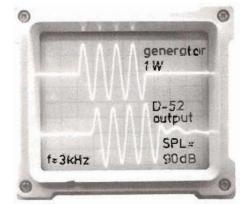
Foreign drive units were used but the measuring results had been so disappointing that it was decided to start the development and production of speaker drivers. – The scope to the right shows that the work has lead close to the ideal.

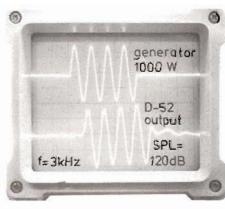


Tone bursts are the best way to obtain an accurate picture of overall acoustic performance. Regrettably they are mostly used only to test rise-time and ringing - which shows much more clearly with a step funktion test! With a tone burst, all the moving parts of a speaker can be loaded without burning the voice coil. With a given frequency the SPL should be 30dB higher at 1000 W input when compared with a L. W. input, if the output is linear. This test shows the driver's ability to reproduce the transients without compression. The right picture shows that even a 1000 W input is not the limit: the dynamic response is absolutely linear. Data given in catalogues (and even test reports) normally are

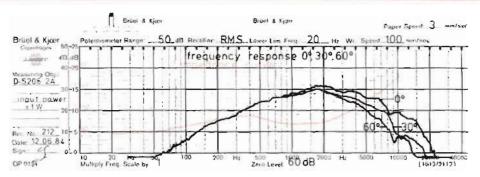
calculated figures and not measured values.

This compression effect is either under-rated or ignored very often. That is why many speakers do not produce SPL's above IOO dB, in spite of higher theoretical specifications. However this test exposes such anomalies between calculations and actual measurements.

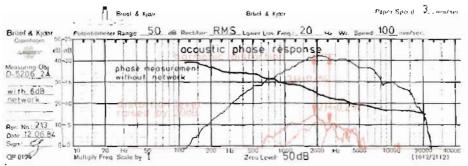




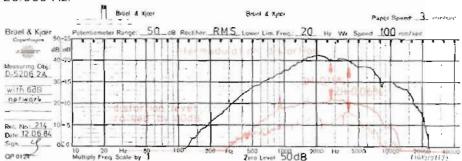




The dome shape of the frequency response curve is ideal for a midrange driver as with 6 dB filters the results come out perfectly.



The acoustically measured phase runs as a straight line from 100 to 20,000 Hz.

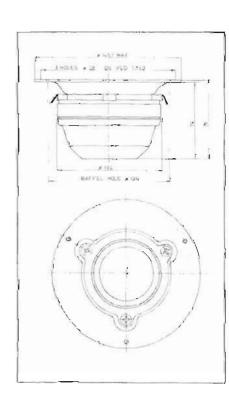


The I. D. curves are exceptional low and smooth. They had to be raised by 40 dB.

Compliance				Overall dimensions:		145 x 78 mm
suspension		Cms	- "	Powerhandling:		
acoustic		Cas	_	nominal	OIN	200 W
equivalent volume		Vas	-	-music	MICI	800 W
Cone.				transient	10 ms	1000 W
eff. cone area		SO	8,5 cm ²	Q-factor:		
moving mass		Mms	2,78 g	mechanical	Oms	1,10
lin, vol. displacer	ment	Va	8,4 cm ³	electrical	Qes	1,03
mech resistance	е	Rms.	-	total	Ots	0,53
lin, excursion	b-b	Xmax	1.0 mam	Resonance frequency (i	ree air 1s	350 Hz
max. excursion	P.P		5.0 mm			
· Frequency respon	se:		500 - 6000 Hz	Sensitivity:	1W/im	92 dE
Harmonic distortion	1		·· 0.4%	Voice coil.		
Intermodulation dis-	onion:		~ 0.15%	diameter	đ	54 mm
Magnetsystem.				length	h	7 mm
rotal gap flux			960 µ Wb	layers	n	2
flux density			1.15 Tesla	inductance (1 kHz)	Le	0,07 mH
gap energy			465 mWs	nom, impedance	Zvc	8 🔾
londe lactor		BxL	6,4 Tran	min, impedance	2 _{min}	6,4
&ir gap volume		٧g	0,88 வே	DC resistance	Re	4,6
air gap height			5 mm	Data given are as alter 3	O hours of ru	unning
air gap width			1,05 mm 1200 a	*Depends on cabinet co	nstruction	

Thiele/ Small parameters are measured not statically but dynamically.

The iron parts of the Dynaudio magnet systems are not punched or caked but individually turned on CNC – machines. This is an important difference to bulk products Because of the precision possible and the reliability our magnet systems are used i. e. as pumping motors in medical heart appliances.





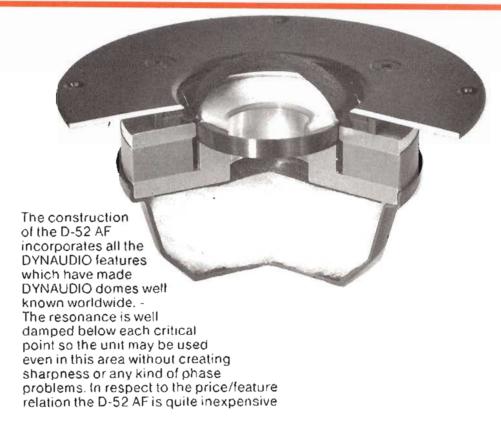
TECHNOLOGY UNLIMITED

APPLICATIONS

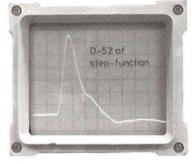
2" (54 mm) midrange soft dome 500 to 5000 Hz HiFi Systems PA and commercial use

FEATURES

high power handling wide dispersion low THD smooth frequency response aperiodically damped Hexacoil technique Magnaflex damping/cooling vented magnet motor



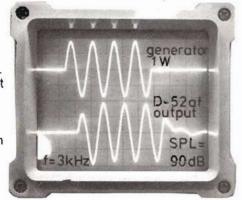
The STEP FUNCTION should be much more popular than it is today as it is one of the most important tools for development of high quality speakers. The rise of the D-52 AF shown on the screen to the right is clean, also in acceleration and deceleration phase. The aperiodic damping of the unit results in a slope without any peak or bump or afterswinging.

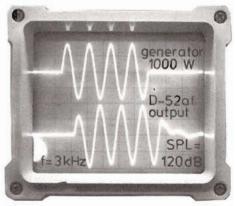


Tone bursts are the best way to obtain an accurate picture of overall acoustic performance. Regrettably they are mostly used only to test rise-time and ringing - which shows much more clearly with a step funktion test! With a tone burst, all the moving parts of a speaker can be loaded without burning the voice coil. With a given frequency the SPL should be 30dB higher at 1000 W input when compared with a 1 W input, if the output is linear. This test shows the driver's ability to reproduce the transients without compression. The right picture shows that even a 1000 W input is not the limit: the dynamic response is absolutely linear. Data given in catalogues (and

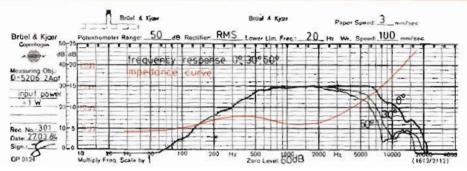
even test reports) normally are calculated figures and not measured values.

This compression effect is either under-rated or ignored very often. That is why many speakers do not produce SPL's above 100 dB, in spite of higher theoretical specifications. However this test exposes such anomalies between calculations and actual measurements.

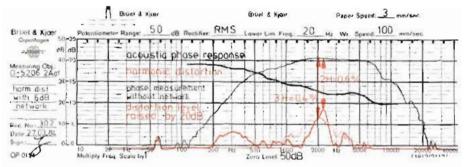




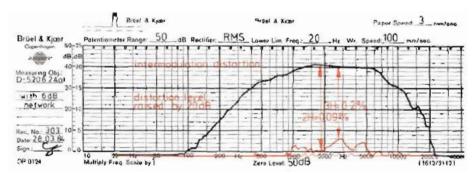
DINAUDIO[®]



The curve indicates wide dispersion and smooth dropping at both ends which is the correct behaviour of a midrange.

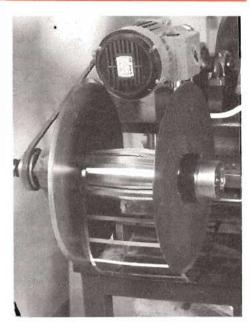


Breakup of diaphragm not measurable. The acoustical phase is as straight as aruler.



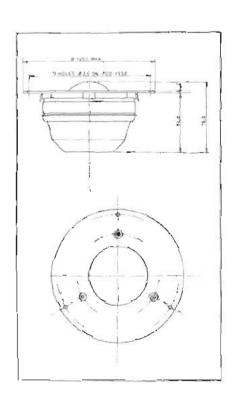
These figures and dates prove that the soft dome is todays ultimate material

				45 x 78	mr
		Power handling			
		nominal	DIN	200	W
		`music	DIN	800	W
		transient	10 ms	1000	W
28	cm_5	0-factor:			
3 2.78	· u	mechanical	Oms	1.10	
8.4	cm3	electrical	Qes	1.03	
. 100	_	Iotal	Qis	0.53	
2,0		Resonance frequency free air:	Is	350	Ηz
5,0	mm	The second secon			
400.9000	L.L.	Sensitivity	W/ljti	91	₫B
	1.12	Voice coil		-	
		diameter	đ	54	mm
< 0,2	-50	length	h	7	mm
960	uWh	layers	IJ	2	111211
		inductance (1 kHz)	Le		mH
1.0			Zcv		75
	Tm		Zmin		Ω
	cm ⁻³	DC resistance			Ω
	anin		0.0	10.	
5.75	മാന	Data given are as after 30 hou	ne of this	ning	
	kg	Depends on cabinet construct	lion		
	\$ 2.78 8.4 5 3.0 5.0 400-8000 0.4 0.2 960 1.15 465 6.4 0.88 5 1.05	\$ 2,78 Q 8,4 cm ³ 5 3,0 mm 5,0 mm 400-8000 Hz 10,4 % 10,2 % 960 UWb 1,15 Tesla 465 mWs 6,4 Tm 0,88 cm ³ 5 mm 1,05 mm	28 cm² O-factor s 2.78 u mechanical electrical total formation formation frequency free air. 400-8000 Hz Sensitivity Voice coil: 0.4 % Voice coil: 0.2 % diameter length 960 uWb layers 1.15 Testa inductance (1 kHz) 465 mWs nom impedance 0.88 cm³ Dc resistance 5 min total Tota	28 cm² 0-factor 5 2.78 q mechanical Qes 10tal Qes 10tal Qts 8.4 cm³ electrical Qes 10tal Qts 8.5 3.0 mm 8.6 Resonance frequency free air: 1s 400-8000 Hz Sensitivity W/lrm 400-8000 Hz Voice coil:	transient 10 ms 1000 28 cm² 0-factor 2,78 q mechanical Qes 1,03 8,4 cm³ lotal Qes 1,03 1,10 Qes 1,03 1,10 Qes 1,03 3,0 mm Resonance frequency free air: Is 350 400-8000 Hz Sensitivity IW/Irri 91 400-8000 Hz Voice coil*



Normal suppliers often are unable to fill our quality demands, so we were forced to built our own machinery for production of various important key parts. As we are making all the voice coils in the hexacoil technique we have to make even the aluminium former at our factory.

This is a must to secure the high quality standard.



D-54

TECHNOLOGY UNLIMITED

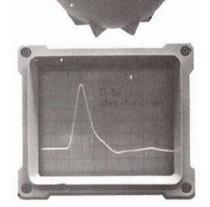
APPLICATIONS

dome midrange for 3-, 4- and 5-waysystems HiFi-midrange for PA and commercial

FEATURES

Soft dome type very high sensitivity high power handling no crompression soft-roll-off suspension aperiodically damped vented magnet motor Magnaflex damping/ cooling phase adjusted with D-28 and D-21

Not the heavy weight of more than 4 pounds (2 kg) is the important toplight of this midrange but the material together with the construction features made this type the most advanced unit vented voice coil, maximum magnet power with 1200 uWb flux. separately damped back air volume. Not only in top high fidelity systems but more and more also in commercial systems the D-54 is used as it produces SPL's of more than 130 dB without compressions and extremely low THD.



0 5406 2A

DINAUDIO

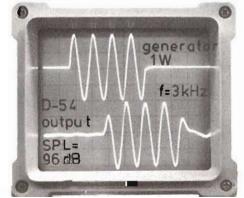
The STEP-FUNCTION of the D-54 is unusual clean. The rise indicates no break, the down slope is close to the ideal of an exponential function. No distortion or overshoot is to be noted.

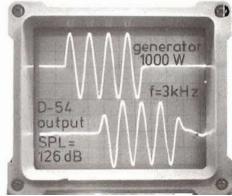
Tone bursts are the best way to obtain an accurate picture of overall acoustic performance. Regrettably they are mostly used only to test rise-time and ringing - which shows much more clearly with a step funktion test! With a tone burst, all the moving parts of a speaker can be loaded without burning the voice coil. With a given frequency the SPL should be 30 dB higher at 1000 W input when compared with a 1 W input, if the output is linear. This test shows the driver's ability to reproduce the transients without compression. The right picture shows that even a 1000 W input is not the limit: the dynamic response is absolutely linear. Data given in catalogues (and even test reports) pormally are

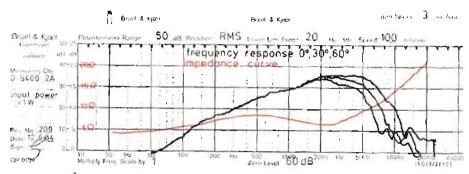
catalogues (and even test reports) normally are

calculated figures and not measured values

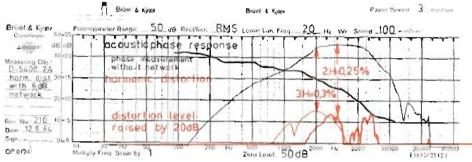
This compression effect is either under-rated or ignored very often. That is why many speakers do not produce SPL's above I00 dB, in spite of higher theoretical specifications. However this test exposes such anomalies between calculations and actual measurements.



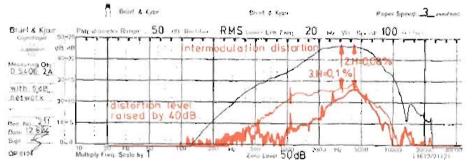




Usable from 800 Hz. Well damped resonance. No impedance peak. Off-axis curves run parallel without jumps.



Low harmonic distortions, even at high SPL. The acoustic phase keeps smooth also beyond operating area.

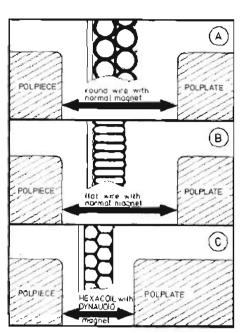


The intermodulation distortions are very low not only around 3 kHz but also at the low end.

Compliance:			Overall dimensions:		145 x 103	mm
suspension	Cms	-	Power handling:			
acoustic	Cas	24	' nominal	DIN	25	ow
equivalent volume	Vas	-	*music	DIM	100	0 W
Cone.			transient	10 ms	100	٥w
eff. cone area	SD	28 cm ²	Q-factor:			
moving mass	Mms	2.78 g	mechanical	Oms	G	.00
lin vol. displacement	Vd	8,4 cm ³	electrical	Qes		,56
mech resistance	Rms	-	total	Qis		.36
lin, excursion P-P	xmax	3,0 mm	Resonance frequency fr	ee air. Is	350	
max, excursion P-P		5,0 mm	- Book 25100	Sec 2076		
 Frequency response: 		800 - 7000 Hz	Sensitivity:	IW/Im	96	dB
Harmonic distortion:		« 0.3%	Voice coil:	,	• •	00
Intermodulation distortion	\$	« O, 1%	diameter	d	54	mm
Magnetsystem:			length	h	_	mm
total gap flux		1200 µ Wb	lavers	n	2	
flux density		1,45 Tesla	inductance (1 kHz)	l.e	0,07	mН
gap energy		710 mWs	nom.impedance	Zvc	8	25
force factor	BxL	8,1 Tm	min_impedance	Zmin	6.4	Ω
air gap volume	Vg	$0.88\mathrm{cm}^{3}$	DC resistance	Re	4,6	Ω
air gap height		5 mm	CONTROL OF STREET			-
air gap width		1,05 mm	Data given are as after 30) hours of re	unning	
Netweight:		1,9 kg	Depends on cabinet construction			

Thiele/Small parameters are measured not statically but dynamically.

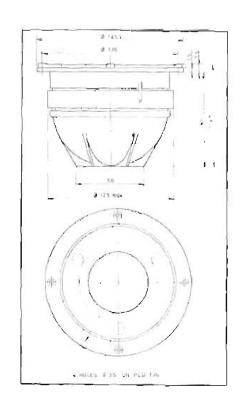
All specifications subject to change without notice



Schematic drawing:

airgap of a usual magnet system with stamped pole pieces. A) with konventional V.C., B) with a flat wire V.C., picture C) shows a V.C. in hexacoil technique and precision turned pole pieces

The power of a magnet motor is not only depending on size of magnet or internal filling factor of the V.C. but also on width of air gap because air leads the magnetic power quite bad - 2000 times less than iron. A narrow air gap may be obtained by making the pole pieces on a precision turning machine. All DYNAUDIO pole pieces are made like this. The result is more power, more energy, more dynamic.





TECHNOLOGY UNLIMITED

APPLICATIONS

2" soft dome midrange for high efficient 3-, 4- and 5-way systems mobile sound hifi-PA different face plates for OEM

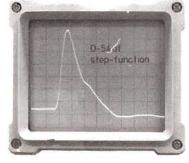
FEATURES

fabric diaphragm doped soft roll-off suspension flexible copper cords HEXACOIL technique very high power handling huge magnet system MAGNAFLEX liquid cooling ideal phase characteristic wide dispersion aperiodic damped double chamber enclosure

This is the flush mount version of the well known DYNAUDIO D-54. The high efficiency is achieved by a very large magnet system and low tolerances. The roll-off at both ends is very smooth so 6 dB slopes are recommend and easy to work with. The limit of the SPL without ringing and overshoots is beyond the limit of our test equipment with 127 dB. No compression can be observed. The venting of the magnetsystem is aerodynamically designed to avoid internal reflexions. The good dispersion, the excellent transient response and the ideal phase

allow very good resolution and image characteristic.

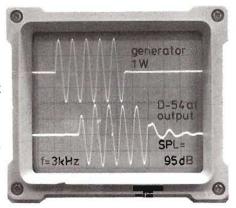
For the speaker pros the STEP FUNCTION is the most important measurement. The correct designed damping (double chamber, magnet size, magnaflex) leads to a first class step function curve: no ringing, not overshoot, no dangling.

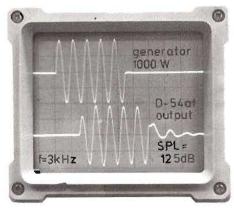


Tone bursts are the best way to obtain an accurate picture of overall acoustic performance. Regrettably they are mostly used only to test rise-time and ringing - which shows much more clearly with a step funktion test! With a tone burst, all the moving parts of a speaker can be loaded without burning the voice coil. With a given frequency the SPL should be 30dB higher at 1000 W input when compared with a 1 W input, if the output is lines. This test shows the driver's ability to reproduce the transients without compression. The right picture shows that even a 1000 W input is not the limit; the dynamic response is absolutely linear. Data given in catalogues (and

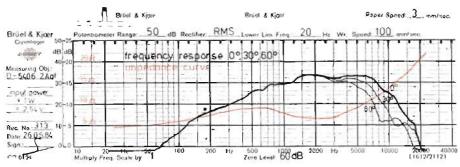
even test reports) normally are calculated figures and not measured values.

This compression effect is either under-rated or ignored very often. That is why many speakers do not produce SPL's above 100 dB, in spite of higher theoretical specifications. However this test exposes such anomalies between calculations and actual measurements.

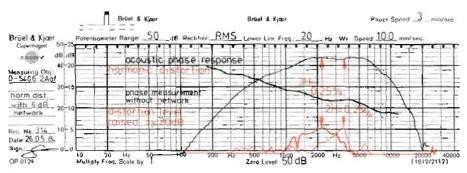




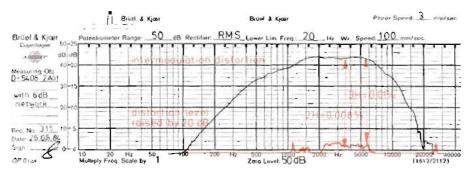




Significant flat impedance curve. Slope characteristics equal at 30° and 60° Easy filter design.



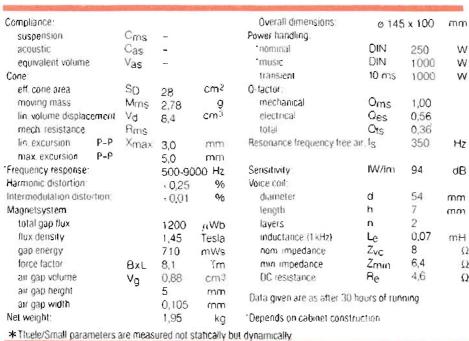
The acoustic phase proves the unproblematic handling of this midrange driver.



The sensitive spectrum of human voice requires distortionless response as shown here.

0	Marie Marie		0	
==	9		1	
T	60		U	
3	17	100	70	
0_			<u>a</u>	100 G
5			5	。推進
9	野三		1	
a.				
1	6-		₹.	A 护
			*	
				41
生體	6		16	3
H		2	×c	1
	W/ -		Ö	V2/10
<u>0</u>	1		9	200
dition	100		5	-0
	1000			18 J
7	A		ec	62
ă.	,	4	4	100
H	-		EN	(29)
13	三国		D.	1000
E	細こ		5	2018
(1)	To the second	ľ	-	
T L :		· / / ^ /	SIL -	- د ما
ine	cutofaHE	XAU	JILS	nows
	comb stru			

the honsity of layers, intimate geared contact with the former which in return gives highgrade packing for less width of air gap, fast heat dissipation, rigidity and strength of the voice coil. The power handling is many times higher than that of a conventional coil. All DYNAUDIO voice coils are made in HEXACOIL technique. (U. S. pal.)



Ω () Ω

D-76

TECHNOLOGY UNLIMITED

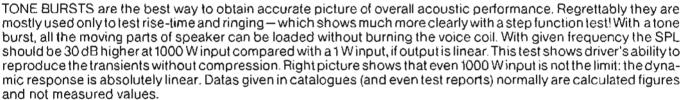
APPLICATIONS

Soft dome for midrange with very low crossover point (300 Hz)
In 3-way combination with DYNAUDIO D-21 or 4-way with D-28 and D-21

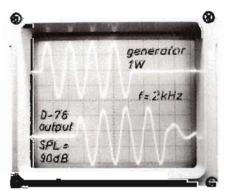
FEATURES

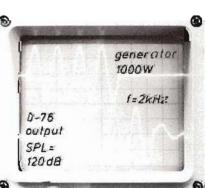
3"/75 mm soft dome centermagnet system roll-off suspension aperiodically-damped dome movement by center vented system and damped enclosure high power handling 3"/75 mm voice coil flexible copper connectors hexacoil technique The soft dome construction is the ultimate for midrange and high-frequency radiation. It combines a large and homogeneous dispersion pattern and high dynamic levels without compression or non-linearity. Normally the lower end of a soft midrange dome is restricted to 500 Hz or up in order to avoid instability. The D 76 shows that research, choice of material and a high production standard can break conventional barriers. The D 76 does not become directional nor is showing partial break ups and eliminates delicate crossing in the range of the human voice.

There are different ways to judge the quality of a speaker. The step function is a common method of measuring the quality of amplifiers as it gives a picture of all frequencies at once. It is astonishing that this method is used by virtually no speaker manufacturer, as with some experience many details are made visible.



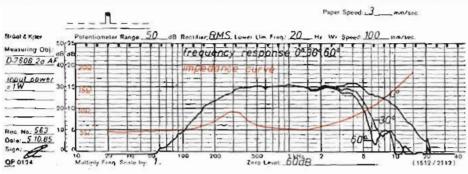
This compression effect is either under-rated or ignored very often. Many speakers do not produce SPD's above 100 dB, despite higher theoretical specifications. However this test exposes such anomalies between calculations and actual measurements.



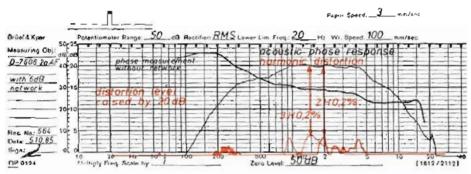


step-function

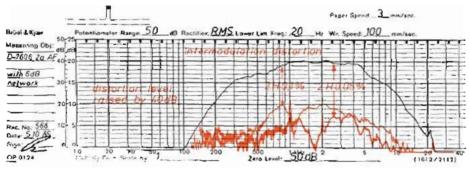




Extremely wide usable range - full output from 300 Hz. The off-axis curves mean wide dispersion angles without phase errors.



Phase linear even around resonance frequency 50 dB. Therefore ideal crossover network (6 dB slope) at 300 Hz may be employed. Low harmonic distortion and linear phasing.



A time is made out a fact and dusting

A "time is money" a fast production cycle is a chracteristic of today's mass production. High-grade products do need a certain maturing time. The fresh doping on the dome material needs an exact drying cycle. The high quality glues must also be fully cured before testing. Reducing this maturing period to raise production creates the risk of lower performance and an shorter lifetime. The D 76 production takes about 120 hours before final testing.

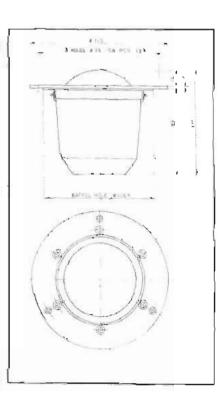
The intermodulation is so low it has been amplified by 40 dB on this curve in order to visualize it.

Compliance:				
suspension		Ств	10-3 m/N	
acoustic		Cas 10)-65 m5/N	
equivalent valume		Vas	1	
Cone.				
eff. cone area		SD	45 cm²	
moving mass		Mm ₅	4,2 g	
lin vol. displaceme	nì	Vd	13,5 cm ³	
mech resistance		Rms	- kg/s	
lin excursion	P-P	Xmax	3 mm	
max excursion	P-P		7 m m	
*Frequency response:		300	- 5000 Hz	
Harmonic distortion:			< 0,2%	
Intermiodulation distort	tion;		- 0.1%	
Magnel'system:				
total gap flux			660 µ Wb	
hux density			917 Tessa	
gap energy			248 mWs	
force factor	В>	L	4,3711	
air gap volume	Vg		0,74 cm ^{t)}	
airgap height			3 mm	
airgap width			1,03 mm	
Net weight:			730 kg	
AThiolo/Cmallagrams				

Overall dimensions:		145 x 110 mm
Powerhandling:		
'nominal	DIN	180 W
music	DIN	220 W
Iransient	10 ms	1000 W
Q-factor;		
mechanical	Oms	2.0
electrical	Oes	1,54
total	Ots	0,87
Resonance frequency fr	eealr: ts	280 Hz
Sensitivity:	3W/1m	90 dB
Voice coit.		
diameter	d	7 5 m m
length	h	6 mm
layers	n	2
inductance (1kHz)	Le	0.20 mH
norn impedance	Zvc	8Ω
min. impedance	Zmin	6 Q
DC resistance	Re	5,1 Ω

Netweight: 730 kg

*Thiele/Small parameters are measured not statically but dynamically.





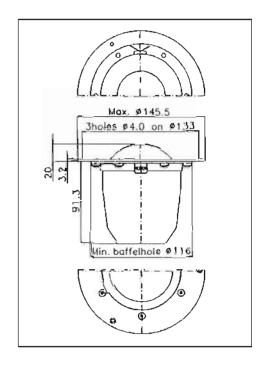
Soft Dome Midrange D-76 AF

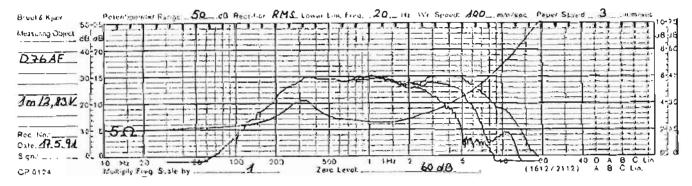
This soft some midrange construction has a center magnet system - the magnet material is placed inside the ridged huge voice coil.

The D-76 AF with its very low resonance frequency is ideal where the delicate range of the human voice shall be reproduced without crossing points.

The dome material is doped fabric. Its internal damping is well controlled and gives a wide dispersion. The inside reflexions are minimized and the air pressure is aperiodically damped in the back cavity through the vented magnet system.

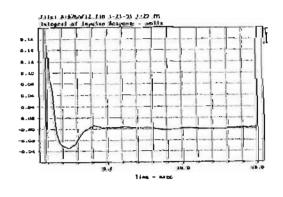
High power handling, smooth phase response and high dynamic levels without compression are the merits of this midrange unit.



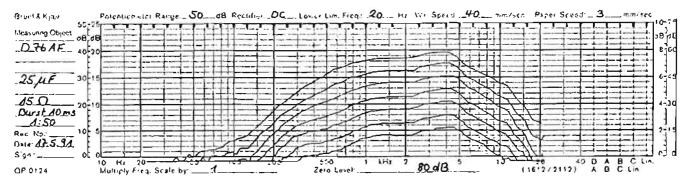


Frequency response and impedance curve of the D-76 AF on-axis, 30° and 60°, distance 1 m.

The MLSSA measurements show the pulse response of the D-76 AF.



Dynamic Measurements



Levels of 1, 3, 10, 30, 100, 300 and 1,000 watts were applied while recording the curves. The parallel arrangement of the curves indicates that even fast 1,000 W peaks do not produce any compression. Signal: Tone-Burst 10 ms, Signal-Pause 1:50.

MLSSA Waterfall Plot

0.00 -6.0 -13.0 -18.0 -84.0

The MLSSA cumulative spectral decay (waterfall) plot shows the energy/time response of the D-76 AF.

Specifications D-76 AF

Thiele-Small Parameter:

Q, mechanical Q, electrical Q, total Resonance free air force factor eff. cone area moving mass lin. excursion (p-p) max. excursion (p-p)	Q _{ms} Q _{ss} Q _{ts} f _a BxL S _O M _{ms} X _{mex}	1.5 2.1 0.9 300 Hz 4.3 Tm 45 cm ² 4 g 3 mm 7 mm	Voice coil: diameter length layers inductance(10 KHz) nom. impedance DC resistance Sensitivity	d h n L. Z _{vc} R.	75 mm 6 mm 2 0.2 8 ohms 5.1 ohms see curve
Power handling, depending on crossover: nominal (long term) transient	IEC 10ms	>100 W >1000 W	Net weight Overall dimensions	Ø 145 x	750 g 111 mm



Woofer 15 W-75

Advantages

The Dynaudio 15 W-75 is designed with a low reflecting aluminium cast basket.

The all aluminium voice coil has a huge diameter of not less than 75 mm securing a very controlled sound reproduction.

Inspite of its small size the 15 W-75 nonetheless is capable of very high power handling and congive an impressive bass reproduction.

Even the standard version is equipped with an XL magnet system.



Applications

Designed for 5 to 10 liter sealed or bass reflex cabinets.

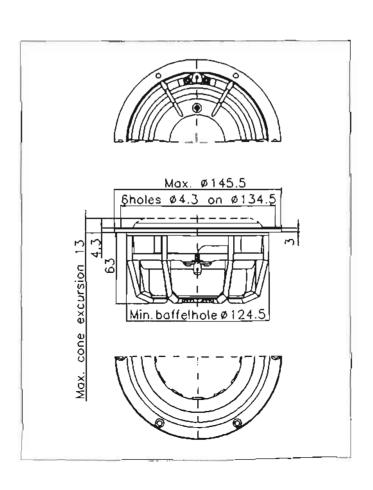
Woofer in small 2 way systems, E.G. satellites, or midrange in bigger constructions.

Can be used with 6 dB or higher order crossover.

Typical Data

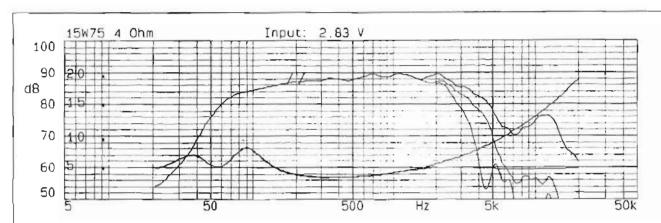
	4 Ohm	8 Ohm
Fs Qı	55 Hz 0 4	55 Hz 0 4
Vas	0.4 7.5 liter	7.5 liler

If not indicated otherwise we deliver 4 Ohm version.

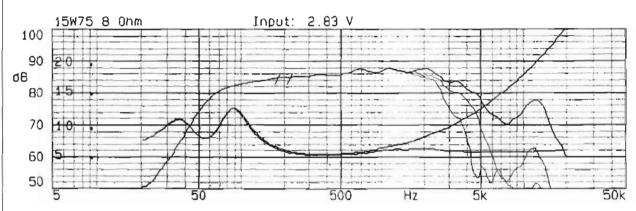


Woofer 15 W-75

Measurements



Frequency response 15 W-75 on-axis, 30° and 60°, distance 1m, 4 ohm version. Impedance curve with and without correction circuit (5.6 ohm and 10 μ F).



Frequency response 15 W-75 on-axis, 30° and 60°, distance 1m, 8 ohm version. Impedance curve with and without correction circuit (6.8 ohm and 10 μ F).

Measured in a 8 liter bass reflex cabinet (part 35 x 60 mm). Measurements below 200 Hz nearlield

Specifications

Thiele-Small Paramet	4 ohm	8 ohm	
Q, mechanical	Qm	1.7	1.6
Q, electrical	Qe	0.6	0.6
Q, Iotal	Qt	0.4	0.4
Resonance frequency	Fs	55 Hz	55 Hz
Moximum impedance	Zmax	12 ohm	19 ohm
Moving moss	Mms	12 g	12 g
Force factor	BL	4.7 Tm	6.0 Tm
Equiv. volume	Vos	7.5 liter	7.5 liter
Effective cone orea	Sd	87 cm ²	87 cm ²
Lin. excursion (p-p)	Xmax	65 mm	5.5 mm
Max. excursion (p-p)		15 mm	15 mm

Voice Coil		4 ohm	8 ohm
Diameter	d	75 mm	75 mm
Length	h	11.5 mm	10.5 mm
Layers	n	2	2
Inductance 10 kHz	Le	0.15 mH	0.19 mH
Nom impedance	Zvc	4 ohm	8 ohm
DC resistance	Re	3.0 ohm	4.9 ohm
Sensitivity	2.83 V	see curve	see curve
Power Handling:			
Nominal long term	IEC>	130 wotts	130 watts
Transient	10ms>	1000 W	1000 W
Net weight		1.1 kgs	1.1 kgs
Overall dimension		Ø 145.5	x 70 mm

'Thiele-Small Parameter measured with correction circuit.

All specifications subject to change without notice.

17 M-75

TECHNOLOGY UNLIMITED

APPLICATIONS

Cone midrange, usable range 100 - 2500 Hz ideal 4-way combination: 30 W-54, 17 M-75, D-28 and D-21 for satellite systems combined with subwoofer for car fidelity door mounting rear mounting without sealed enclosure

FEATURES

shallow design
high power handling
wide dispersion pattern
excellent phase
characteristics
vented magnet system
tropic proof
total concave shape of cone
PHA cone material
hexacoil technique
center-magnet system



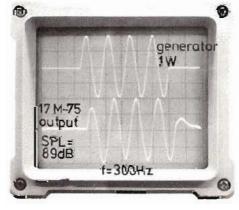
When measuring with a STEP-FUNCTION the signal we use is a voltage step which is a sharp rise from 0 volt to defined voltage. The radiated signal then measured with very fast measuring microphone and shown on storage oscilloscope screen. When plotting this step by computer almost all relevant data are included, giving much more precise interpretation than possible with conventional methods. In our constant search for mor precise data, we have developed this measurement program.

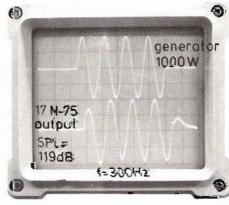


TONE BURSTS are the best way to obtain accurate picture of overall acoustic performance. Regrettably they are mostly used only to test rise—time and ringing—which shows much more clearly with a step function test! With a tone burst, all the moving parts of speaker can be loaded without burning the voice coil. With given frequency the SPL should be 30 dB higher at 1000 W input compared with a 1 W input, if output is linear. This test shows driver's ability to reproduce the transients without compression. Right picture shows that even 1000 W input is not the limit: the dynamic response is absolutely linear. Datas given in catalogues (and even test reports) normally are calculated figures and not measured values.

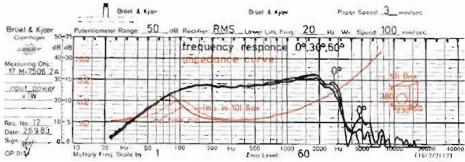
This compression effect is either under-rated or ignored very often. Many speakers do not produce SPL's above 100 dB, despite higher theoretical specifications. However this test exposes such

However this test exposes such anomalies between calculations and actual measurements.

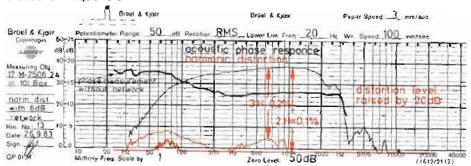




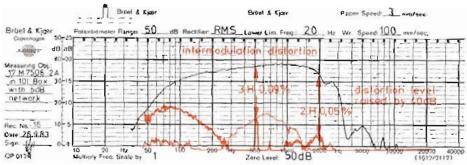
OIDUANTO



Smooth frequency characteristics are shown in response from 100 to 2500 Hz. Simultaneous, smooth and equal drop at all three off - axis angles is particularly important. Allows use of very simple crossover because response errors do not occur outside crossover frequencies.



The advantages of the 17 Mas a midrange driver are clearly shown by the intermodulation curve. Very low distortion even at the lower frequencies.



Flat phase response over entire useful range. Even when the scale is boosted by 20 dB the distortions are hardly detectable.



With DYNAUDIO speakers all the connection wires to the voice coils are of flexible copper cord to allow the moving system to act without hinderance.

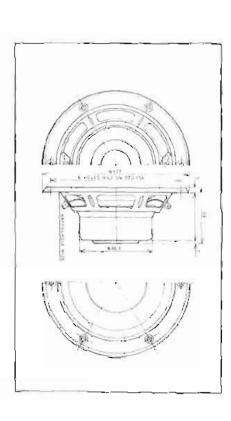
Most DYNAUDIO voice coils are wound with aluminium wire for minimum mass.

According to conventional belief it is not possible to satisfactorly solder copper to aluminium - research and know how of the DYNAUDIO engineering team made it possible. In the past ten years our staff has successfully made millions of trouble-free soldered connections of copper with aluminium

Compliance:			
suspension		Cms 0,29	5-10-3 m/N
acoustic		Cas 0,425	5 10-6 m4/N
equivalent votume	9	Vas	5.951
Cone:			
eff. cone area		SO	120 cm ²
moving mass		Mms	15 g
lin vol. displacem	ent	Vd	66 cm ³
rnech, resistance		Rms	3.46 kg/s
lin excursion	9-P	Xmax	5.5 mm
max_excursion if	9-9		t9 mm
*Frequency response	e.		80 - 3500 Hz
Harmonic distortion:			< 0.2%
intermodulation disto	MIOI	r1	< 0.09%
Magnetsystem:			
total gap flux			670 µ Wb
flux density			0.56 Tesla
gapeneigy			204 mWs
force factor		BxL	4.3 Tm
airgap volume		Vg	1,65 cm ³
air gap height			5 mm
air gap width			1,38 mm
Net weight:			800 g
* Thiele/Small param	etar	Saremea	sured not state

Overall dimensions;		177 x 69 mm
Powerhandling:		
*nominal	DIN	180 W
MUSIC	DIN	220 W
transient	10 ms	1000 W
Q-factor.		
mechanical	Oms	2,05
electrical	Qas	2.13
total	Ots	1.35
Resonance frequency in	ee air fs	74 Hz
Sensitivity:	1W/1m	89 dB
Voice coil.		
diameter	d	75 mm
length	h	10,5 mm
layers	n	2
inductance (1kHz)	Le	0,45 mH
riom.impedance	Zuc	8 😲
min impedance	Zmin	6,4 ⊖
DC resistance	Re	5,5 Ω
Data given are as after 30	nioeruod	กกเกฐ

* Depends on cabinet-construction



s are measured not statically but dynamically.



Woofer 17 W-75

Advantages

The Dynaudio 17 W-75 woofer is equipped with a large 75 mm voice coil which ensures ability to handle high dynamics and very high power.

Voice coil wire and former both are made of aluminium to reduce the weight of the swinging system which allows very good transient response.

The Dynaudio hexact coil winding technique creates a more rigid and more compact voice coil. This again gives ultimate stability under all circumstances.

The one-piece moulded PP cone has no "dust cap" which procures a very good controlled roll off, allowing 6dB crossover with very fine results. The center-magnet system is largely vented which gives a smooth frequency response with a homogeneous output.

Applications

The high power handling unit works best in closed cabinets of 10 to 15 liter volume.

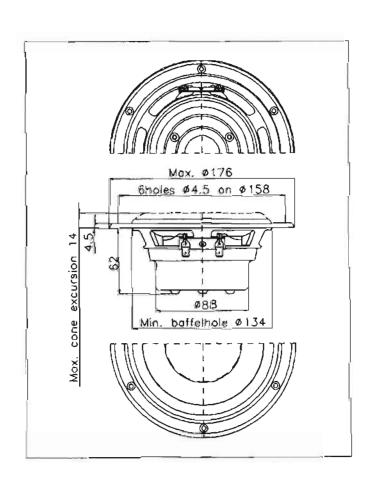
Woofer in 2 way systems or mid woofer in bigger systems. Can be used with 6dB or higher order crossover.

Typical Data

	4 Ohm	8 Ohm
FS	40 Hz	40 Hz
Qt	0.7	0.8
VAS	22 liter	22 liter

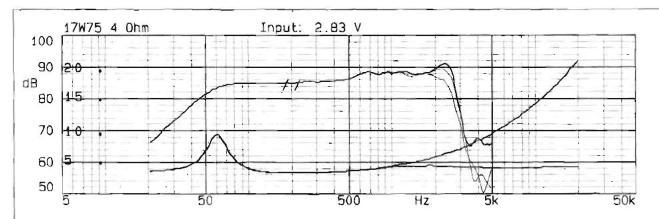
If not indicated otherwise we deliver 8 Ohm version.



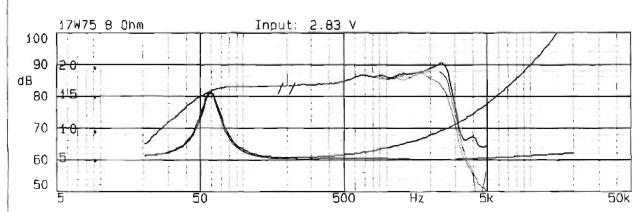


Woofer 17 W-75

Measurements



Frequency response 17 W-75 on-axis, 30° and 60°, distance 1m, 4 ohm version. Impedance curve with and without correction circuit (4.7 ohm and 15 μ F).



Frequency response 17 W-75 on-axis, 30° and 60°, distance 1m, 8 ohm version. Impedance curve with and without correction circuit (6.8 ohm and 20 μ F).

Measured in a 15 liter closed cabinet. Measurements below 200 Hz nearfield.

Specifications

Thiele-Small Paramet	er	4 ohm	8 ohm
Q, mechanical	Qm	3	2.8
Q, electrical	Qe	0.9	1.1
Q, total	QI	0.7	0.8
Resonance frequency	Fs	40 Hz	40 Hz
Maximum impedance	Zmax	13 ohm	19 ohm
Moving mass	Mms	15 g	15 g
Force factor	BL	3.5 Tm	4.3 Tm
Equiv. volume	Vas	22liter	22 liter
Effective cone area	Sd	120 cm ²	120 cm ²
Lin. excursion (p-p)	Xmax	6 mm	6 mm
Max. excursion (p-p)		19 mm	19 mm

Voice Coil		4 ohm	8 ohm	
Diameter	d	75 mm	75 mm	
Length	h	J) mm	11 mm	
Layers	n	2	2	
Inductance 10 kHz	Le	0.17 mH	0.23 mH	
Nom. impedance	Zvc	4 ohm	8 ohm	
DC resistance	Re	3.0 ohm	5.1 ohm	
Sensitivity	2.83 V	see curve	see curve	
Power Handling:				
Nominal long term	IEC>	130 watts	130 watts	
Transient	10ms>	1000 W	1000 W	
Net weight		0.9 kgs	0.9 kgs	
Overall dimension		Ø 176 x 70 mm		

'Thiele-Small Parameter measured with correction circuit.

All specifications subject to change without notice.



Woofer 17 W-75 EXT

Advantages

Being an offspring of the famous 17 W-75 this woofer has all the same advantages as the basic type.

Even most of the data are the same except for the frequency response.

Changing the center part of the PP one-piece cone to a special designed concave shape results in an extended frequency response.



Applications

The high power handling unit is designed for closed cabinets of 10 to 15 liter.

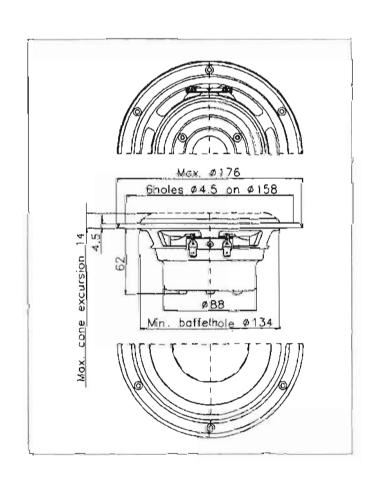
To be used in 2 way systems or as mid woofer in bigger constructions.

Can be used with 6 dB or higher order crossover.

Typical Data

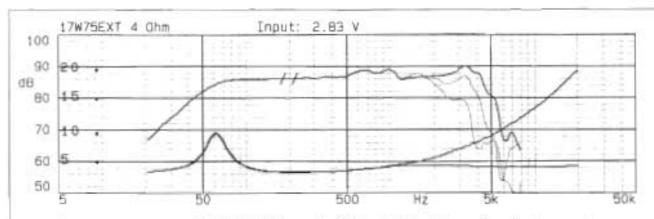
	4 Ohm	8 Ohm
Fs	40 Hz	40 Hz
Qt	0.7	0.8
Vas	22 liter	22 liter

If not indicated otherwise we deliver 8 Ohm version.

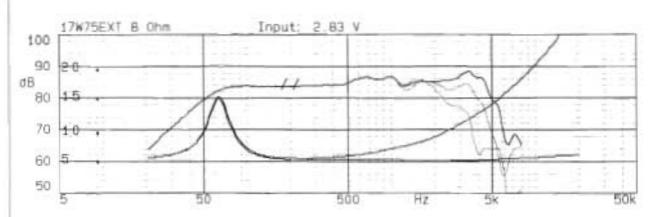


Woofer 17 W-75 EXT

Measurements



Frequency response 17 W-75 EXT on-axis, 30° and 60° , distance 1m, 4 ohm version. Impedance curve with and without correction circuit (4.7 ohm and $15 \,\mu\text{F}$).



Frequency response 17 W-75 EXT on-axis, 30° and 60° , distance 1m, 8 ohm version. Impedance curve with and without correction circuit (6.8 ohm and $20 \, \mu\text{F}$).

Measured in a 15 liter closed cabinet. Measurements below 200 Hz rearfield.

Specifications

Thiele-Small Paramet	ler'	4 ohm	8 ohm
Q, mechanical	Qm	3	2.8
Q, electrical	Qe	0.9	1.1
Q, total	Qt	0.7	0.8
Resonance frequency	Fs	40 Hz	40 Hz
Maximum impedance	Zmax	13 ohm	19 ohm
Moving mass	Mms	15 g	15 g
Force factor	BL	3.5 Tm	4.3 Tm
Equiv valume	Vas	22 liter	22 liter
Effective cone area	Sd	120 cm ²	120 cm
Lin. excursion (p-p)	Xmax	6 mm	6 mm
Max. excursion (p-p)	li li	19 mm	19 mm
			10

Voice Coil		4 ohm	8 ohm	
Diameter	d	7.5 mm	75 mm	
Length	h	11 mm	11 mm	
Layers	n	2	2	
Inductance 10 kHz	Le	0.17 mH	0.23 mH	
Nom. impedance	Zvc	4 ohm	8 ahm	
DC resistance	Re	3.0 ohm	5.1 ohm	
Sensitivity	2.83 V	see curve	see curve	
Power Handling:				
Nominal long term	1EC>	130 watts	130 watts	
Transient	10ms>	1000 W	1000 W	
Net weight		0.9 kgs	0.9 kgs	
Overall dimension		Ø 176 x 70 mm		

Thiele-Small Parameter measured with correction circuit.

All specifications subject to change without notice



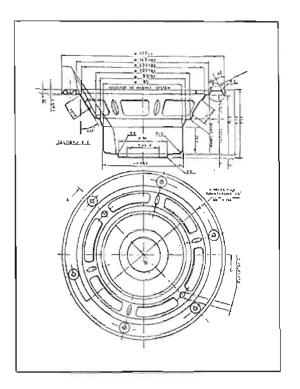
17 W-75 XL

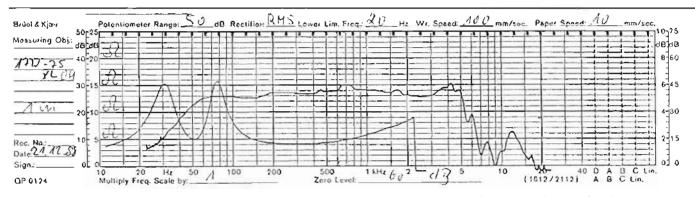
The new 17 W-75 XL may be employed as a woofer in small enclosures, ideal also in rows in slim line tower design.

In bigger systems also as low-medium driver. Compared with the proven 17 W-75 this new type has a bigger magnet system making this driver ideal for applications in small bass reflex constructions with a higher sensitivity and enormous power handling.

The considerable highlights are

- -75 mm (3") alu voice coil in hexacol) technique
- -PP-cone in a one-piece mould.
 DYNAUDIO technology
- -controlled roll-off
- -ideal dispersion pattern
- -unusual high power handling
- -center-magnetsystem without strayfield
- -optimal impule response
- -vented magnetsystem
- -shallow design
- -high dynamic range

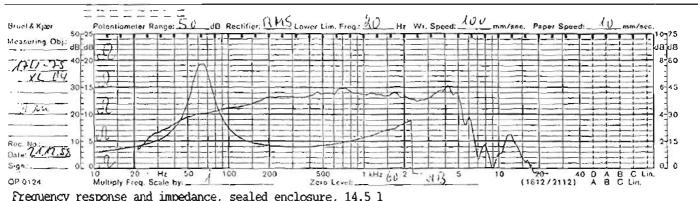




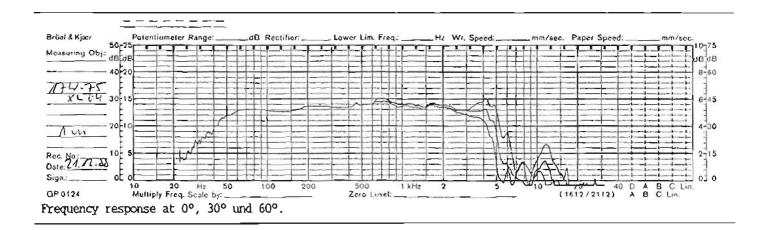
Frequency response and impedance curve in 14,5 l bass reflex enclosure (port: d=45mm, l=50mm)

Thiele-Small Parameter:		8(4) ohms:	Voice coil: diameter	d	75 mm
Q, mechanical	Qms	2,00(1,90)	length	h	10,5mm
	•		_		•
Q, electrical	Qcs	0,57(0,54)	layers	n	2
Q, total	Qto	0,44(0,42)1	inductance(1KHz)	$L_{\mathbf{e}}$	0,43(0,39)mH
Resonance free air	Lu	42(41) Hz	nom, impedance	Zvc	8(4) Ohm
equiv.volume	V_{as}	22,6(23,0)	DC resistance	$R_{\mathbf{e}}$	5,5(3,5) Ohm
force factor	BxL	5,7(4,6)Tm	Sensitivity	2,8V	see curve
eff. cone area	S_0	120cm ²	Power handling:		
moving mass	Mma	13,0(13,4)g	nominal (long term)	IEC	130 W
lin. excursion (p~p)	Xmax	5,5mm	transient	10ms	1000 M
max. excursion (p-p)		19mm	Net weight		1,1 kg
			Overall dimensions		177x69 mm

17 W-75 XL



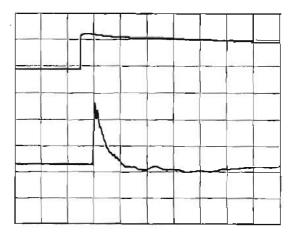
Frequency response and impedance, sealed enclosure, 14.5 l



Following pictures show the pulse response of a step funktion on the screen of an oszillograph (direct plot):



Pulse response, vented box



Pulse response, sealed box.



Woofer ESOTEC® 17 W LQ

· .

Advantages

The typical Dynaudio die cast basket is very rigid although the ribs are slim which do not allow any early reflexion.

The Dynaudio cone material is a special mix of PP with magnesium silicate for very high internal damping. It is moulded in just one piece including the center part which results in a controlled roll off and high dynamic range.

The legendary huge 75 mm voice coil is of pure aluminium. The low weight of the aluminium allows for a fast transient response.

The magnet motor is designed with the XL magnet construction rendering maximum power.



Applications

Designed for 10 to 15 liter bass reflex or passiv radiator systems.

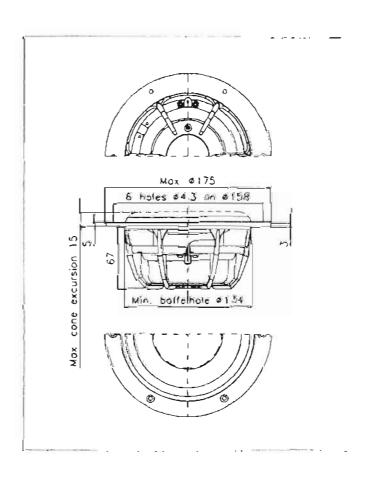
Woofer in 2 or 3 way systems or midwoofer in bigger constructions

Can be used with 6dB or higher order crossover.

Typical Data

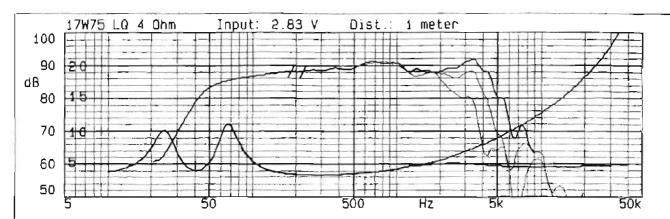
	4 Ohm	8 Ohm
Fs	40 H2	40 Hz
Qı	0.4	0.4
Vas	22 liter	22 liter

If not indicated otherwise we deliver 4 Ohm version

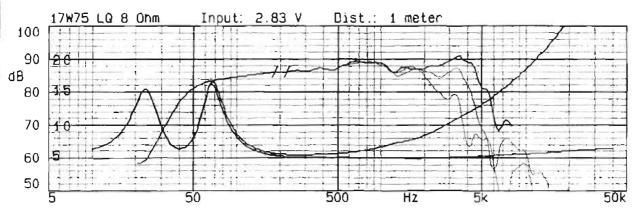


Woofer 17 ESOTEC® W LQ

Measurements



Frequency response 17 W LQ on-axis, 30° and 60°, distance 1m, 4 ohm version. Impedance curve with and without correction circuit (5.6 ohm and 10 μ F).



Frequency response 17 W LQ on-axis, 30° and 60°, distance 1m, 8 ohm version. Impedance curve with and without correction circuit (6.8 ohm and 10 μ F).

Measured in a 15 liter basreflex cabinet (pan 45 x 100) Measurements below 200 Hz nearlield.

Thiele-Small Parameter measured with correction circuit

Specifications

Thiele-Small Paramet	er'	4 ohns	8 ohm	Voice Coil		4 ohm	8 ohm
Q, mechanical	Qm	1.8	18	Diameter	: d	75 mm	75 mm
Q, electrical	Qe	0 5	0.5	Length	h	11.5 mm	10.5 mm
Q, lotal	QI	0 4	0.4	Layers	n	2	2
Resonance frequency	Fs	40 Hz	40 Hz	Inductance 10 kHz	Le	0 15 mH	0.19 mH
Moximum impedance	Zmax	15 ohm	22 ohm	Nom. impedance	Zvc	4 ohm	8 ohm
Moving mass	Mms	15 g	:15 g	DC resistance	Re	3 0 ohm	4.9 ohm
Force factor	BL	5.0 Tm	60 Tm	Sensitivity	2.83 V	see curve	see curve
Equiv. valume	Vas	22 liter	22 liter	Power Handling:	ĺ		
Effective cone area	Sd	120 cm ²	120 cm ²	Nominal long term	IEC>	130 wotts	130 wolts
Lin. excursion (p-p)	Xmax	6.5 mm	15.5 mm	Transient	10ms>	1000 W	1000 W
Max. excursion (p-p)		17 mm	17 mm	Net weight		1.2 kgs	1.2 kgs
	İ	Ĭ		Overall dimension			x 72 mm

All specifications subject to change without notice



Woofer 19 W-38

Advantages

The largely vented magnet system of the Dynaudio 19 W-38 woofer yields very tow compression, ideal heat dissipation and an outstanding resonance damping.

The cone is moulded as one piece including the "dust cap" which totally eliminates the problems a separate dust cap can create and secures homogeneity of the response. The cone material is a PP based mixture with high rigidity and excellent damping at the some time.

The rubber surround is fastened to the back side of the cone to ensure stability of performance.



Applications

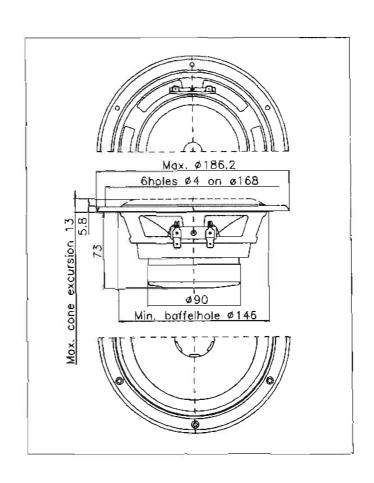
For use in high quality two way bass reflex systems with a volume between 10 - 20 liter.

Can be used with 6dB or higher order crossover.

Typical Data

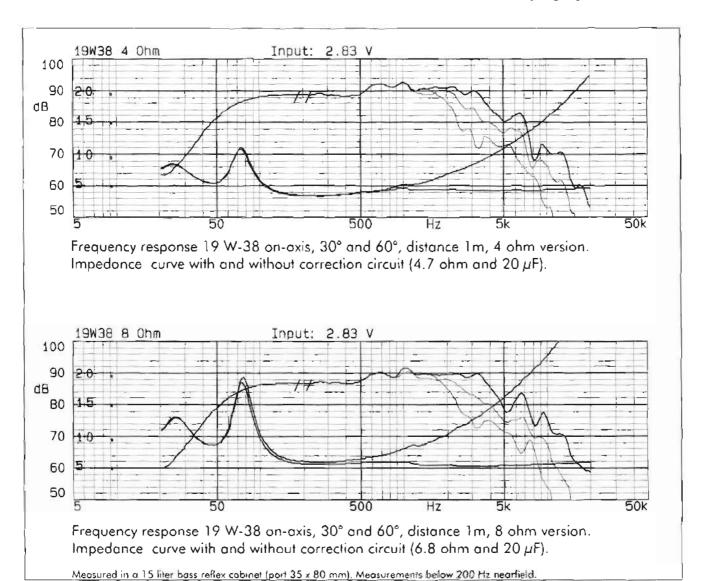
	4 ohm	8 ohm
Fs	45 Hz	45 Hz
Qt	0.3	0.4
Vas	21 liter	23 liter

If not indicated otherwise we deliver 8 ohm version.



Woofer 19 W-38

Measurements



Specifications

Thiele-Small Paramet	er1	4 ohm	8 ohm	Voice Coil		4 ohm	8 ohm
Q, mechanical	Qm	2.1	2.5	Diameter	d	38 mm	38 mm
Q, electrical	Qe	0.4	0.5	Length	h	13 mm	12 mm
Q, total	Qt	0.3	0.4	Layers	n	2	2
Resonance frequency	Fs	45 Hz	45 Hz	Inductance 10 kHz	Le	0.19 mH	0.27 mH
Moximum impedance	Zmax	17 ohm	30 ohm	Nom. impedance	Zvc	4 ohm	8 ohm
Moving mass	Mms	16 g	15 g	DC resistance	Re	2.9 ohm	5.2 ohm
Force factor	BL	5.5 Tm	6.4 Tm	Sensitivity	2.83 V	see curve	see curve
Equiv. volume	Vas	21 liter	23 liter	Power Handling:			
Effective cone area	Sd	138 cm ²	138 cm ²	Nominal long term	IEC>	75 watts	75 wotts
Lin. excursion (p-p)	Xmax	6 mm	5 mm	Transient	10ms>	250 W	250 W
Max. excursion (p-p)		26 mm	26 mm	Net weight		1.4 kgs	1.4 kgs
				Overall dimension		Ø 187	x 80 mm

¹Thiele-Small Parameter measured with correction circuit.

All specifications subject to change without notice.



Woofer 20 W-75

Advantages

The rigid aluminium basket has very slim but solid ribs, thus avoiding most of the rear air reflections of conventional broad ribbed baskets. The largely vented magnet system together with the vented voice coil result in very low compression and an extremely smooth frequency response

The one-piece mouled PP cone makes it possible to use the large 75 mm voice coil without having the problems that separate dust caps and large voice coils are likely to create.

The large aluminium voice coil gives a long linear excursion and thereby very low distortion.

The 20 W-75 woofer furthermore is equipped with the XL magnet construction already in the standard version

Applications

The high power handling unit is designed for 18 liter closed cabinets giving an appr. Qt = 0.7.

For use as woofer in high quality 2 and 3 way systems or as mid woofer in bigger constructions. Can be used with 6 dB or higher order crossover.

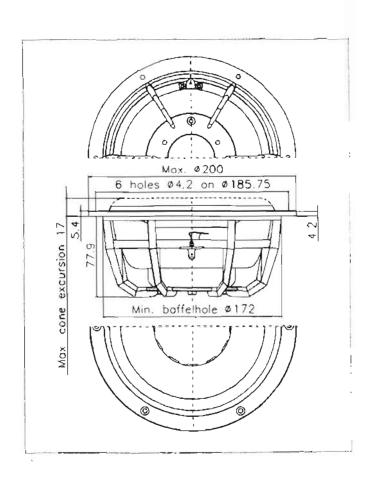
Typical Data

	4 Ohm	8 Ohm
Fs	30 Hz	30 Hz
Q1	0.4	0.5
Vos	65 liter	65 liter

If not indicated otherwise we deliver

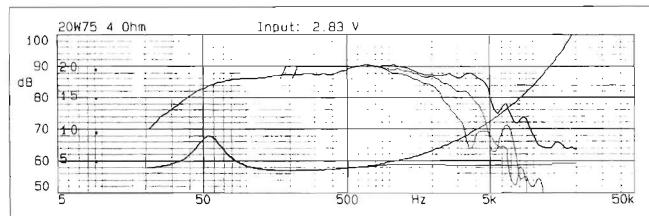
4 Ohm version



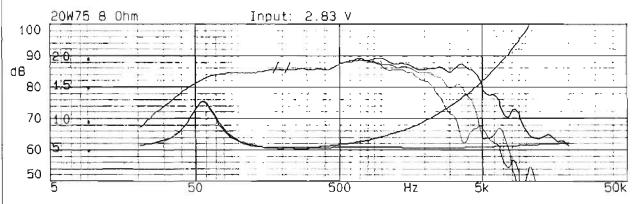


Woofer 20 W-75

Measurements



Frequency response 20 W-75 on-axis, 30° and 60°, distance 1m, 4 ohm version. Impedance curve with and without correction circuit (4.7 ohm and 20 μ F).



Frequency response 20 W-75 on-axis, 30° and 60°, distance 1m, 8 ohm version. Impedance curve with and without correction circuit (6.8 ohm and 20 μ F).

Voice Coil

Measured in a 18 liter closed cabinet. Measurements below 200 Hz nearlield

Specifications

8 ohm

4 ohm

Thiele-Small Paramet	4 ohm	8 ohm	
Q, mechanical	Qm	1.5	1.8
Q, electrical	Qe	0.5	0.7
Q, total	QI	0.4	0.5
Resonance frequency	F ₅	30 Hz	30 Hz
Maximum impedance	Zmax	12 ohm	17 ohm
Moving mass	Mms	20 g	20 g
Force factor	BL	4 8 Tm	5.0 Tm
Equiv. volume	Vos	65 liter	65 liter
Effective cone area	Sd	180 cm ²	180 cm ²
Lin excursion (p-p)	Xmax	9 mm	9 mm
Max. excursion (p-p)		15 mm	15 mm

Diometer	d	75 mm	75 mm	
Length	h	14 mm	14 mm	
Loyers	n	2	2	
Inductonce 10 kHz	Le	0.20 mH	0.30 mH	
Nom impedance	Zvc	4 ohm	8 ohm	
DC resistance	Re	3.2 ohm	5 0 ohm	
Sensitivity	2.83 V	see curve	see curve	
Power Handling				
Nominal long term	IEC>	130 watts	130 watts	
Transienl	10ms>	1000 W	1000 W	
Net weight		1.2 kgs	1.2 kgs	
Overall dimension		Ø 200 x 89 mm		
	Length Layers Inductance 10 kHz Nom impedance DC resistance Sensitivity Power Handling Nominal long term Transient Net weight	Length Loyers Inductonce 10 kHz Nom impedance DC resistance Sensitivity Power Handling Nominal long term Transienl Net weight	Length Loyers Inductonce 10 kHz Nom impedance DC resistance Sensitivity Power Handling Nominal long term Transienl Net weight Net weight 14 mm 2 0.20 mH 2 vc 4 ohm 3.2 ohm see curve 18C> 130 watts 10ms> 1000 W 1.2 kgs	

'Thiele-Small Parameter measured with correction circuit.

All specifications subject to change without notice.

TECHNOLOGY UNLIMITED

APPLICATIONS

8" woofer for all kind of hifi-use: 2way (or up) systems transmission line bass reflex aperiodic damped or sealed enclosure

FEATURES

magnesium die cast
basket
very high power
handling
high BL-factor
rigid construction
tropic proof
vented long throw
system
hexacoil technique
PHA cone material
(phase homogeneous area)

Many years of lifetime have branded this type to be the most rigid and most precise 8" woofer. Now some very important specifications got upgraded the cone is changed to polymer based mixture (PHA=phase homogeneous area), enriched with metal oxide particles for higher damping and the geometric shape is revised for almost unmeasurable distortion (see diagram h.d.) The magnet system is enlarged substantially and allows now cone displacement of total 29 mm. The center venting is adjusted accordingly. The highrated advantages as DTL (dynamic transient linearity), HEXACOIL and the rigid magnesium die cast frame remain unchanged.

With a STEP-FUNCTION datas about SPL and time scale are not important. A trained expert can compare stepfunctions made with even different scales. The cone steps up and creates a sound wave which meets a 1/4" B&K measuring mic. The slope shown on the screen shows the amount of air moved. So with woofers of same diameter the average of slope is the same. If now rise and slope is set in relation to each other two stepfunctions can be compared. The right picture shows that the 21 W-54 has a rise time ten times as fast as normal speakers of this size.



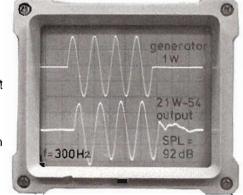
AUDIO 21W54062

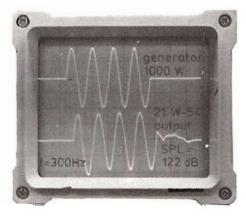
TONE BURSTS

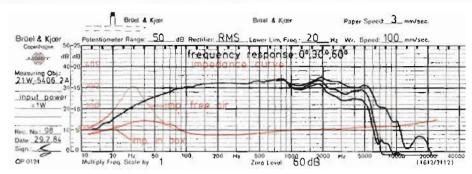
Tone bursts are the best way to obtain an accurate picture of overall acoustic performance. Regretlably they are mostly used only to test rise-time and ringing - which shows much more clearly with a step funktion test! With a tone burst, all the moving parts of a speaker can be loaded without burning the voice coil. With a given frequency the SPL should be 30dB higher at 1000 W input when compared with a 1 W input, if the output is linear. This test shows the driver's ability to reproduce the transients without compression. The right picture shows that even a 1000 W input is not the limit; the dynamic response is absolutely linear. Data given in catalogues (and

even test reports) normally are calculated figures and not measured values.

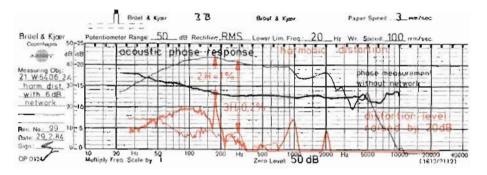
This compression effect is either under-rated or ignored very often. That is why many speakers do not produce SPL's above 100 dB, in spite of higher theoretical specifications. However this test exposes such anomalies between calculations and actual measurements.



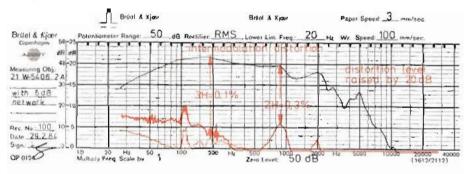




Balanced response up to 4 kHz, important in 2way combinations. Early roll-off and high but narrow resonance impedance indicate high magnetic damping and energy.



The h.d. does not exceed 1% allover. The acoustic phase is linear up to 10 kHz(!!) - no sharpness in 2way systems



The intermodulation distortions are below 1%. A 6dB filter will serve best.

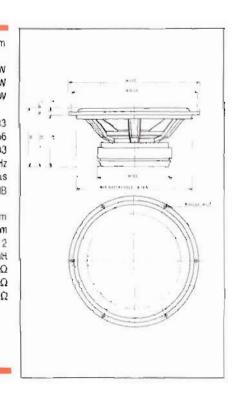


Full automatic production lines spitting out big numbers of more or less one-wayproducts with infernal speed have impressed most of the visitors of far eastern electronic factories.

Impressed said the production engineer of a high grade rationalised speaker factory when visiting the DYNAUDIO-plaht. "My god, you are making speakers like the swiss watch makers are making their world famous watches!"

Compliance:			Overail dimensions:		222 x 83 mm
suspension	c_{ms}	0,886 · 10 ⁻³ m/N	Power handling:		
acoustic	c_{as}	0,429 10 ⁻⁶ m ⁵ /N	nominal .	DIN	160 W
equivalent volume	V_{as}	59,61	music	DIN	220 W
Cone:			ransient	10 ms	KN DOUST
eff. cone area	Sp	220 cm ²	Q-factor:		
moving mass	Mms	27 9	mechanical	Oms	2,03
lin, volume displacement	Vd	154 cm ³	electrical	Q _{es}	0,356
mech, resistance	Ams	2,60 kg/s	total	OIS	0.303
in excursion P-P	Xmax	7 mm	Resonance frequency free air:	1s	30 Hz
max excursion P-P		29 mm	Aise time		95 µs
Frequency response		35-5000 Hz	Sensitivity:	W//Im	92 dB
Harmonic distortion:		< 1%	Voice coil:		
Intermodulation distortion.		< 1%	diameter	d	54 mm
Magnetsystem:			/erigthi	h	17 mm
total gap flux		1490µ Wb	layers	n	2
flux density		0,91 Tesla	inductance (1 kHz)	Le	0.25 mH
gap energy		849,4 mW/s	nom. impedance	Z_{VC}	Ω8
force factor	8xL	9,09 Fm	min, impedance	Zmin	6.4 Ω
air gap volume	٧g	2,57 cm ³	DC resistance	Re	5,6 Ω
air gap height air gap width		10 mm 1.55 mm	Data given are as after 30 hou	uts of runi	ning
Net weight:		2.5 kg	*Depends on cabinet construct	ion	

The state of the s



TECHNOLOGY UNLIMITED

FEATURES

9" woofer for enclosures of 20 - 60 litres in sealed, aperiodically damped, transmission line or bassreflex designs.

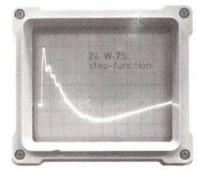
In confination with the D-28 it gives a very homogenous 2-way speaker

DETAILS

high power handling low distortion shallow construction wide dispersion phase linearity vented magnet system tropic proof hexacoil technique PHA-cone material center-magnet system



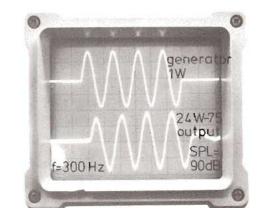
This curve shows response of woofer after peak pulse has been applied to voice coil, and released. As woofer returns to rest it does so through series of steps corresponding to resonance of speaker itself. The more uniformly and flatly the speaker response drops off, the less spurious response is produced. Here a bass reflex enciosure, with allower limit designed to produce a response of about 20 Hz (measured using sine waves). Comparing output from speaker with signal generator input, a sharp drop in output with ringing (spurious response) is produced. Using Variovent to produce a periodically damped system raises low frequency limit to about 30 Hz when measured with sine waves, but measured with

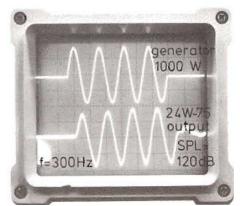


step function (impulse) slope drops slowly and smoothly without ringing. This proves that, even in "ideal" tuned bass reflex cabinet, low end is produced by modulation between cabinet and port. You have impression of powerful bass (but rather "boomy"), but is not accurate reproduction of input signal, whereas the heavily damped aperiodic system gives accurate reproduction which is smooth and clean rather than "boomy"

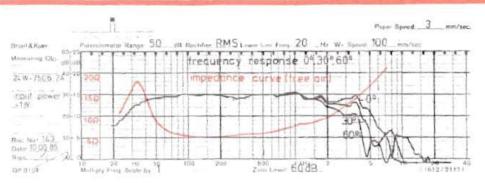
TONE BURST: The right picture shows that even a 1.000 W input is not the limit: the dynamic response is absolutely linear.

Datas given in catalogues (and even test reports) normally are calculated figures and not measured values. The compression effect is either underrated or ignored very often.

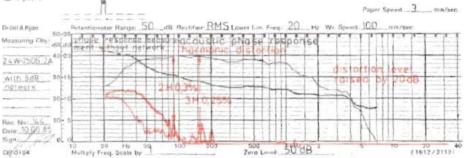




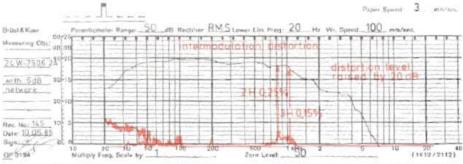
DINAUDIO®



Curve is linear down to 40 Hz, only -3dB at 30 Hz. Smooth roll-off. Combined with D-28 the unit may be crossed at 2.5 KHz. Huge 3"/75mm voice coil gives impedance rise from 500 Hz easily to be compensated by 6.8 ohm and 24 µF.



The harmonic distortions are at a very low level. At 100 Hz they are below 0.3% At 50 Hz they do not reach 1%! Linear acoustic phase gives easy-to-handle 2-way system designs.



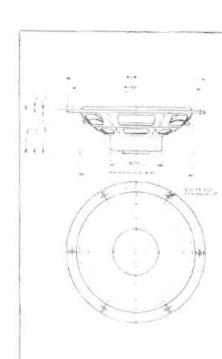
Using a fixed frequency of 100 Hz crossing it with a measuring frequency, the intermodulation is shown here.

Compliance,			Overall dimensions:		240 x 75 mm
suspension	Cms 1.	25 · 10 · 1 m/N	Powerhandling:		
acoustic	Cas 0.6	3 · 10 -6 m ⁵ /N	* nominal	DIN	120 W
equivalent volume	Vas	88,21	*music	DIN	200 W
Cone:			transient	10 ms	1000 W
eff, cone area	SD	220 cm ²	Q-factor:		
moving mass	Mms	18 g	mechanical	Qms	3,37
lin vol displacement	Vd	121 cm ³	electrical	Qes	1,11
mech resistance	Rms	1,12 kg/s	total	Ots	0,835
lin. excursion P-P	Xmax	5,5 mm	Resonance frequency fr	reeair. Is	33 Hz
max excursion P-P		23 mm	Risetime:		130µs
* Frequency response;		35 - 5000 Hz	Sensitivity:	1W/1m	
Harmonic distortion.		- 0,3%	Voice coil:		
Intermodulation distortion	PAGE 1	0,25%	diameter	а	75 mm
Magnetsystem:			length	h	10,5 mm
total gap flux		670 u Wb	layers	n	2
flux density		0,56 Tesla	inductance (1 kHz)	Le	0,45 mH
gap energy		204 mWs	nom.impedance	Zvc	8 1
forcefactor	BXL	4.3 Tm	min impedance	dinle	6.4
air gap volume	Vg	1,65 cm ³	DC resistance	Re	5,5
airgap height		5 mm	Data given are as after 30	hours of a	
air gap width		1,38 mm			
Net weight:		920 q	* Depends on cabinet construction		

Thiele/Small parameters are measured not statically but dynamically.



Despite most exacting production quality control there will al ways also remain human function. From voice coil to the complete driver the product will pass 8 to 12 quality control fields depending on type. Our demands for quality, for which DYNAUDIC is known, require exact observance of a low tolerance bandwidth. Tolerances of more than 0.0011mm will cause rejection of the coil mandrel, and more than 0,5% in frequency response results in rejection of the unit.



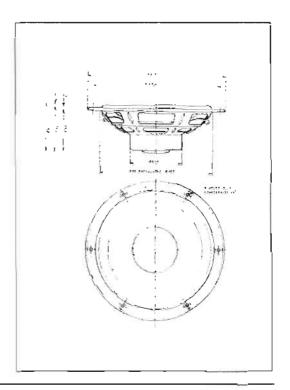


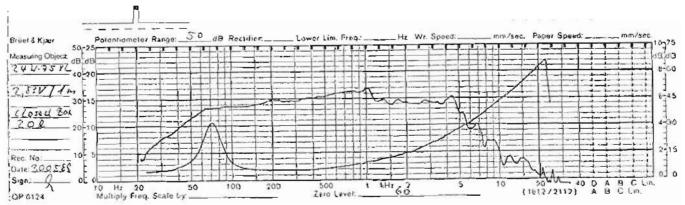
24 W-75 XL

Continuing all the proven construction details of the 24 W-75 the redesigned motor now having governed magnetic flux is delivering even more total energy. The parameters of this driver allow ideal employment in sealed enclosures or aperiodically damped constructions delivering more dynamic but also more precise deep bass.

The considerable highlights are

- -75 mm (3") alu voice coil in hexacoil technique
- -PP-cone in a one-piece mould, DYNAUDIO technology
- -controlled roll-off
- -ideal dispersion pattern
- -unusual high power handling
- -center-magnetsystem
- -optimal impulse response
- -vented magnetsystem
- -shallow design
- -high dynamic range





Frequency response and impedance 24 W-75 XL, closed box 20 1

Technische Daten 24 W-75 XL:

Thiele-Small Parameter:		8(4) ohms:	Voice coil: diameter	d	75 mm
Q, mechanical Q, electrical Q, total Resonance free air equiv.volume force factor eff. cone area moving mass lin. excursion (p-p) max. excursion (p-p)	Qms Qcs Qts fs Vas BxL So Mms Xmax	2,20 (2,30) 0,61 (0,58) 0,48 (0,46)1 33 (32) Hz 88,8 (92,4) 5,7 (4,6)Tm 220cm² 18,0 (18,4)g 6,5 mm 23mm	length layers inductance(LKHz) nom. impedance DC resistance Sensitivity Power handling: nominal (long term) transient Net weight Overall dimensions	h n Le Zve Re 2.8V IEC 10ms	11,5 mm 2 0,43(0,39)mH 8 (4) Ohm 5,5(3,5) Ohm sec curve 130 W 1000 W 1,1 kg 240x75 mm

24-W-100

TECHNOLOGY UNLIMITED

APPLICATIONS

woofer in 2-, 3- and 4-way systems, slim towers versatile utility: closed box, variovented box, bass-reflex, transmission line in bigger systems as "upper bass" or "low mid"

DE ATURES

Unusual large 4" (100 mm) vented center magnet motor hexacoil technique PHA cone material high power handling wide dynamic range smooth phase response low magnet flux leakage no dynamic compression stable acoustic center



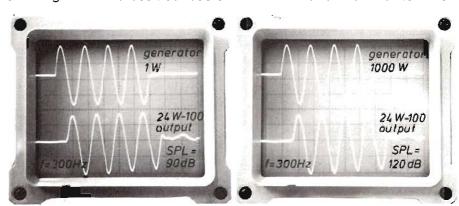
The center magnet system not only exploits the magnet strength about double as good as conventional systems but also allows construction of very low leakage of the magnetic flux. Already 15 mm (0.6") off the flange there is near to none magnetic stray field against a conventional system which shows this figure only at a distance of about 150 mm (6"). This allows employment of the 24 W-100 in monitoring systems placed near to video TV screens without extra shielding.



The STEP-FUNCTION: a typical DYNAUDIO result

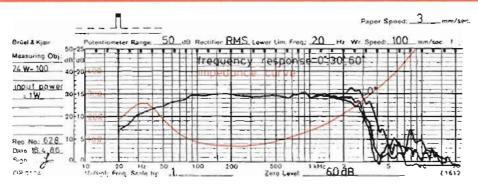
Afew people only know about dynamic compression in loudspeakers, and most manufacturers pass over in silence about it. When program power is fed into a speaker, part of this power will be converted into heat in the voice coil. At high power levels this temperature is likely to reach appr. 250 degrees Celsius (500 degrees Fahrenheit). Under this condition the impedance figure will douple up, which in return easy can result in a compression of output of about 5 dB (!). Without any subtlety one can imagine that the result is an audible imbalance as not all drive units of the

complete system will reach the same temperatur level and the same level of compression. What to do? First of all you have to choose the voice coil diameter as big as possible, still lightweight of course (using i.e. aluminium wire). Secondly the air gap width has to show a low figure in order to dissipate the heat via the iron and magnet material. Last not least the entire construction should goal to come off with temperature rises.

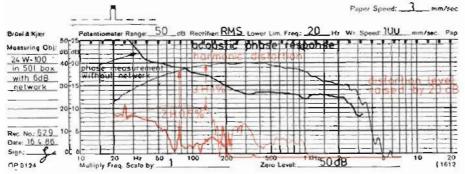


The BURSTS: input and output are analogous

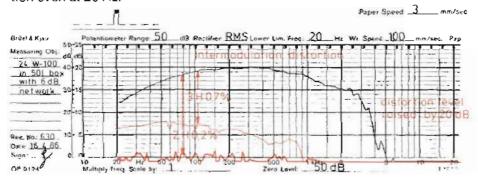




Frequency response straight up to 3 kHz allowing excellent 2way combinations, i.e. with D 28 (AF). From 3 kHz the frequency drops with 20 dB, ideal for 6 dB filter.



HD measured in 50 liter enclosure. Exceptional is the low distortion even at 20 Hz.



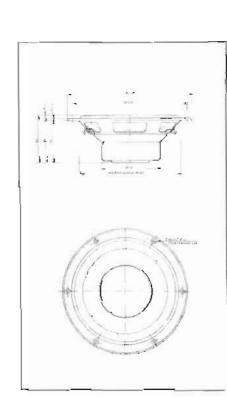
The PHA material allows unconventional shape of cone: no break up, high internal damping.

Compliance:				Overall dimensions:	@ 24	0 x 85 mm
suspension	Cms	0,93 10 4	3 m/N	Powerhandling:		
acoustic	Cas	0,45 10 -	⁶ m ⁵ /N	*nominal	DIN	350 W
equivalentvolume	Vas	62	1	*music	אום	450 W
Cone:				Iransieni	10 ms	1000 W
efil cone area	SD	220	cm ²	Q-factor		
moving mass	Mms	30	g	mechanical	Qms	1.6
lin, vol. displacement	٧d	176	cm_3	electrical	Qes	0,45
mech. resistance	Rms	3.5	ko/s	kotal	Ots	0.35
lin.excursion P-P	Xmax	8	EVENTS.	Besonance frequency free air.	fs	32 Hz
max. excursion P-P		26	mm	Sensitivity.	1 W/1 m	90 dB
*Frequency response.		35-30	00 Hz	Voice coil:		
Harmonic distortion:		1	%	diameter	d	100 mm
Intermodulation distortion	1:	. 0,7	%	length	j'n	16 mm
Magnetsystem:				layers	ř1	2
total gap flux		1300	μ Wb	inductance (1kHz)	l_e	0,73 mH
flux density		0,51	Tesla	nom.impedance	Zvc	8 Q
gap energy		445	mWs	nim impedance	Zmin	6,4 12
force factor	BxL	6,26	Ĩm	DC resistance	Re	5,2 ∰
air gap volume	Vg	4,27	cm ³			
air gap height		8	mm			
alr gap width		1,68	mm			
Net weight:		1,85	kg		0	20486 MT

Threster Small parameters are intersured not statically but dynamically



An extra advantage of a big voice coil is that the forcing power is transfered to the cone at about the middle of the radius. Small voice coils have an unbalanced force transfer provoking breakups and distortions. The costs of manufacturing a big high precision DYNAUDIO hexacoil are conciderably higher than for an entire ordinary drive unit.



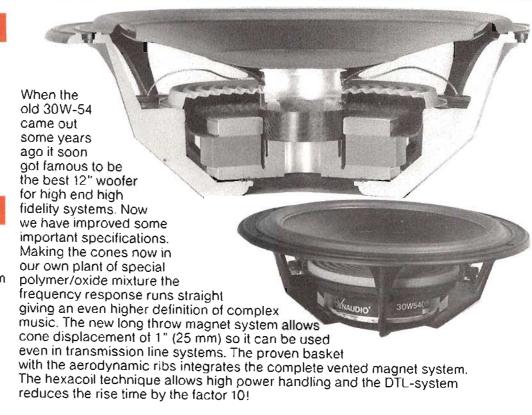
TECHNOLOGY UNLIMITED

APPLICATIONS

12" woofer for enclosures of 80 to 140 litres for 3-, 4- and 5way systems PHA cone allows midrange from 800 Hz transmission line bassreflex sealed or aperiodic damped enclosures

FEATURES

magnesium die cast
basket with aerodynamic ribs
very high power handling
vented long throw magnet system
low distortion
hacacoil technique
PHA-cone material
(phase homogeneous area)
DTL-system
(dynamic transient linearity)
tropic proof
high BL-factor



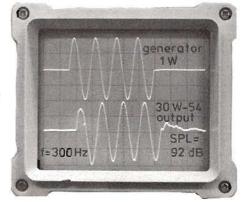
The STEP-FUNCTION of a 12" woofer normally has a slow rise, not much steeper than the dropping due to the heavy weight of big systems. The step function to the right shows the efficiency of our pat. DTL-system. The rise time is reduced to 1/10. The copper capsule around the pole piece is extended and acts as a magnetic short circuit to the voice coil. The iron in the pole piece normally creates unlinearites to the voice coil which now is eleminated.

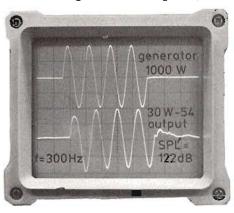


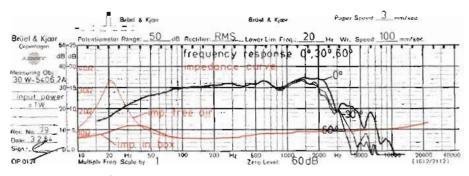
Tone bursts are the best way to obtain an accurate picture of overall acoustic performance. Regrettably they are mostly used only to test rise-time and ringing - which shows much more clearly with a step funktion test! With a tone burst, all the moving parts of a speaker can be loaded without burning the voice coil. With a given frequency the SPL should be 30dB higher at 1000 W input when compared with a 1 W input, if the output is linear. This test shows the driver's ability to reproduce the transients without compression. The right picture shows that even a 1000 W input is not the limit; the dynamic response is absolutely linear. Data given in catalogues (and

even test reports) normally are calculated figures and not measured values.

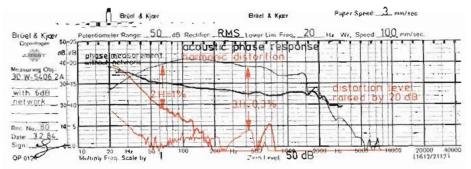
This compression effect is either under-rated or ignored very often. That is why many speakers do not produce SPL's above 100 dB, in spite of higher theoretical specifications. However this test exposes such anomalies between calculations and actual measurements.



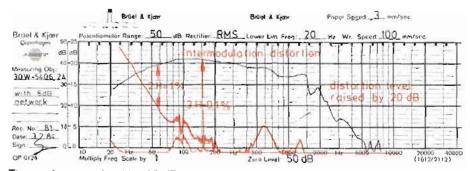




The narrow impedance peak at resonance under free air measurement indicates strong magnetic damping and energy. In enclosure the impedance is flat and balanced.



With a 6d B filter the 30 W-54 is excellent usable up to 1000 Hz. The acoustic phase is linear even beyond that point.



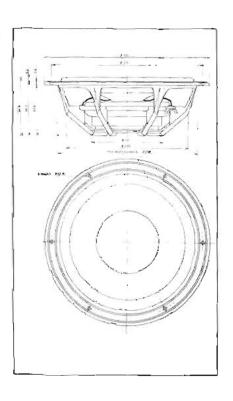
The scale was raised by 20 dB for this measurement.



Combining different materials together requires experience and know how about the behavior even under extrem conditions. Here we glue aluminium former to the fabric spider. An exact amount of high temperature resistant glue is precisely placed to the spiders neck. The voice coil of the woofer survives temperature peaks of even 400 to 650° F (300-400° C). Furthermore the connection point has to withstand accelerations of some hundred miles/h altering the direction some thousand times per second.

Compliance:			Overall dimensions		300 x 104,5 mm
suspension	c_{ms}	1,15 · 10 ⁻³ m/N	Power handling:		
acoustic	c_{as}	1,85 · 10 ⁻⁶ m ⁵ /N	*nominal	DIN	210 W
equivalent volume	V_{as}	257	'music	DIN	350 W
Cone:			transient	10 ms	1000 W
eff. cone area	s_D	400 cm ²	O-factor:		
moving mass	Mms	41,6 g	mechanical	a_{ms}	2.39
lin. volume displacement	٧d	280 cm ³	electrical	Oes	0,42
mech. resistance	Ams	2,5 kg/s	total	015	0,357
lin. excursion P-P	χ_{max}	7 mm	Resonance frequency free air	ls.	22 Hz
max excursion P-P		25 mm		•	
Frequency response:		30-3000 Hz	Sensitivity:	lW/lm	92 d B
Harmonic distortion:		< 1,5 %	Voice coif:		
Intermodulation distortion:		<1%	diameter	d	\$4 mm
Magnelsystem:			length	h	17 mm
total gap flux		1490µ Wb	layers	n	2
flux density		0,91 Testa	inductance (1 kHz)	Le	0,25 mH
gap energy		849,4 mWs	nom. impedance	Zvc	8Ω
force factor	B×L	9,44 Tm	min. impedance	Zmin	6,4 Ω
air gap volume	Vg	2,57 cm ³	DC resistance	Re	6,25 Ω
air gap height		10 mm	Data - Anna - Anna Anna	•	
air gap width		1,55 mm	Data given are as after 30 hou	ırş ol runi	ning
Net weight:		2,9 kg	Depends or cabinet construction		

*Thiele/Small parameters are measured not statically but dynamically.



TECHNOLOGY UNLIMITED

APPLICATIONS

12" woofer for 3-, 4- and 5-way systems subwoofer constructions transmission line bass reflex and aperiodic damped systems

FEATURES

rigid magnesium die
cast basket with
aerodynamic ribs
vented long throw
magnet system
high BL-factor
lowest distortion figures
very low rise time
PHA cone material
haxaciol technique
tropic proof

Not iust another woofer but quite a new construction. High targets are realized The distortion is minimized, the power handling maximized. All this was possible using the center magnet system. the PHA-cone material and the advanced DYNAUDIO principles. The system is easily handling 600 watts of clean music programme thanks to the center magnet system with the 4" (100 mm) VC. The intermodulation distortion is hardly measurable and due to the PHA cone not exceeding 0.8% even at the lowest end of the B&K-test equipment with 20 Hz. Normally good woofers show figures about 10-20%. The 30 W-100 is a challenge to the manufactures of big high end power amps.

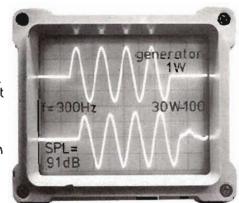
When using a STEP-FUNKTION judgement of the slope is most important. The ideal would be if the slope rolls off in an e-funktion. The size of area below the slope indicates the low end. Short jumps of the slope show misbehaviors of the speaker. Dome tweeters i.e. have the ideal slope but even slopes of very good cone speakers are a little weavy. These waves indicate coloration of response. The shown step of 30 W-100 has no wave of this kind.

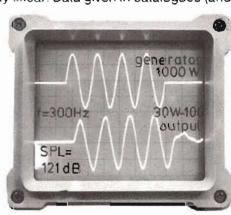


Tone bursts are the best way to obtain an accurate picture of overall acoustic performance. Regrettably they are mostly used only to test rise-time and ringing - which shows much more clearly with a step funktion test! With a tone burst, all the moving parts of a speaker can be loaded without burning the voice coil. With a given frequency the SPL should be 30dB higher at 1000 W input when compared with a 1 W input, if the output is lines. This test shows the driver's ability to reproduce the transients without compression. The right picture shows that even a 1000 W input is not the limit; the dynamic response is absolutely linear. Data given in catalogues (and

even test reports) normally are calculated figures and not measured values.

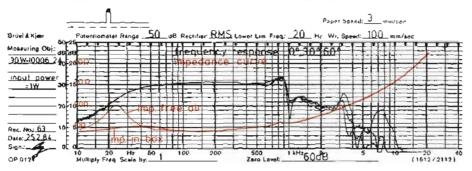
This compression effect is either under-rated or ignored very often. That is why many speakers do not produce SPL's above 100 dB, in spite of higher theoretical specifications. However this test exposes such anomalies between calculations and actual measurements.



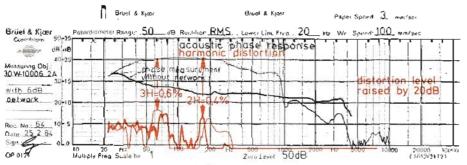




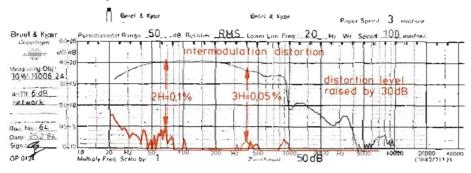




The radiation of sound is equal at all position $(0^0, 30^0, 60^0)$ and allows ideal employment up to 500Hz. Used in enclosure the impedance does not exceed 10 Ohms.



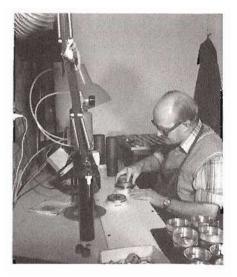
DYNAUDIO products are famous for flat phase response. Extremely low distortion, below 0.8% totally



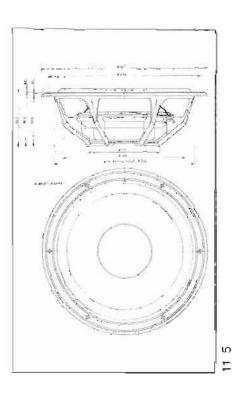
The maximum is below 0.5%, even at 20Hz. (!). Level is raised by 30 dB.

Compliance:			Overall dimensions:		300 x 1()45 mm
suspension	c_{ms}	1,21 10 ⁻³ m/N	Power handling		GOO'X RESIDENT
acoustic	c_{as}	1,94 10 ⁻⁶ m ⁵ /N	nominal	DIN	450 W
equivalent volume	Vas	2691	"music	DIN	600 W
Cone:			transient	10 ms	1000 W
ell, cone area	S_{D}	400 cm²	Q-factor		
moving mass	Mms	35,2 g	mechanical	o_{ms}	2,70
fin volume displacement	Vd	320 cm ³	electrical	0 _{es}	0,803
mech, resistance	Rms	1,98 kg/s	total	QIS	0,619
lin excursion P-P	x_{max}	8 mm	Resonance frequency free air.	Is	24 Hz
max. excursion P-P		28 mm	Rise time		89 μs
'Frequency response:		22-900 Hz	Sensitivity.	IW/Im	91d8
Harmonic distortion:		< 0.8 %	Voice coil		
Intermodulation distortion:		< 0,6 %	drameter	d	100 mm
Magnetsystem:			length	h	16 mm
total gap flux		1300µ Wb	layers	n	2
Ilux density		0,51 Testa	inductance (1 kHz)	Lو	0,73 mH
gap energy		445 mWs	nom. impedance	Z _{VC}	8Ω
force factor	$B \times L$	6,26 Tm	min, impedance	Zmin	6,4 Ω
air gap volume	Vg	4,27 cm ³	DC resistance	Re	5,85 Ω
air gap height air gap width		8 mm 1,68 mm	Data diversions offer 20 house of russion		ning
Net weight.		2,1 kg	*Depends on cabinet construct	ion	

*T hiele/Small parameters, are measured not statically but dynamically.



Today even complicated high technology products may be produced in large quantities. Some of these products have limited markets which in return limits the use of automatic tools. In these small series the precision, know how and skilled labour decide the quality of the ready product. About one third of the DYNAUDIO staff works together for more than 10 years.





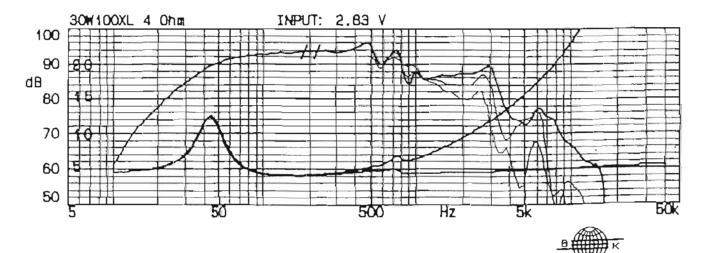
93.06.21.

PARAMETERS: 30 W 100 XL

Measured in free air and with imp.corr. (5R6/33uF) (6R8/33uF)

PRELIMINARY SEEET

		4 Ohms	8 Ohms
Q, mechanical	Qm	2.3	2.4
Q, electrical	Qe	0.5	0.5
Q, total	Õt.	0.4	0.4
Resonance frequency	Fs	22 Hz	22 Hz
Maximum impedance	2max	21 Ohms	30 Ohms
Moving mass	Mms	48 g	48 g
Force factor	BL	7.1 Tm	8.2 Tm
Equiv. volume	Vas	248 1	248 1
Effective cone area	Sd	400 cm ²	400 cm ²
Lin. excursion (p-p)	Xmax	9 mm	9 mm
Max. excursion (p-p)		28 mm	28 mm
VOICE COIL: Diameter	d	100 mm	100 mm
Length	ъ	17 mm 2	17 mm
Layers	n		2
Inductance (10kHz)	Le	0.45 mH	0.65 mH
Nom. impedance	Zvc	4 Ohms	8 Ohms
DC resistance	Re	3.75 Ohms	5.35 Ohms
Sensitivity	2.83V	see curve	
POWER HANDLING:			
Nominal (long term)	IEC	130 W	130 W
Transient	10ms	1000 W	1000 W
Net weight		2.3 kg	2.3 kg
Overall dimensions	(0300x105 mm	Ø300x105 mm



Measured in a 70 l variovent cabinet.



TECHNOLOGY UNLIMITED

VARIOVENT

THE VARIOVENT IS AN OPENING IN THE LOUDSPEAKER-BOX WHICH IS PADDED WITH DAMPING MATERIAL. IT CONSISTS OF AN OPEN PLASTIC CABINET, IN WHICH THE AMOUNT AND THICKNESS OF THE DAMPING MATERIAL MAY BE ADJUSTED TO THE INDIVIDUAL CONSTRUCTION OF THE LOUDSPEAKER.

Physically, the VARIOVENT is a flowresistance, damping the resonance like a DC-resistance in the oscillating circuit which results in a more precise bass response (excellent transient response) and better woofer quality.

The impedance maximum at the resonance point will be reduced by at least 50% compared to a sealed cabinet (fig. 2). Consequently, the amplifier is able to give more power in the lower range. The oscillation of the cone after a strong pulse is aperiodically damped (fig. 3 and 4). A cabinet construction with VARIOVENT must not be mistaken for a bass-reflex box. This often is inclined to a voluminous and inaccurate bass response. To the contrary, the VARIOVENT causes a maximum and inaccurate bass response.

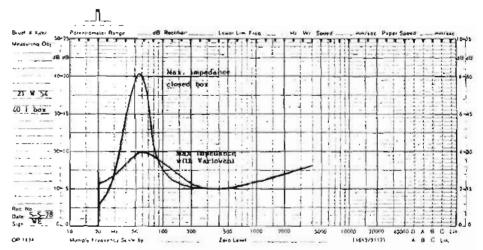
and inaccurate bass response. To the contrary, the VARIOVENT causes a more clear and well defined bass response.

Fig. 1



Fig. 2

Fig. 3



The use of a VARIOVENT is rather unproblematic, as no delicate tuning is necessary, compared to transmissionline or bass-reflex boxes. Therefore, it is also to be recommended for do-it-yourself use. In any case, an improvement of the woofer characteristics in the above-mentioned sense will be obtained. The best way of mounting the VARIOVENT will be the backside of the cabinet (fig. 1). The diameter of the hole is 110 mm. About 2/3 of the cabinet volume ought to be filled with damping material, by which a channel between the back of the woofer and the VARIOVENT must be left free. For cabinet volumes up to 50 litres, 1 VARIOVENT is necessary. For cabinet volumes up to 80 litres, 2 VARIOVENTS, and for cabinet volumes of more than 80 litres. 3 VARIOVENTS are necessary.

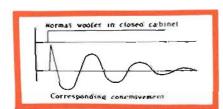
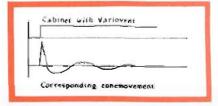


Fig. 4







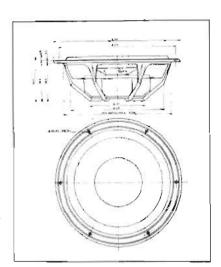
For lovers of breathtaking deep bass response the passive radiator gives the possibility to boost the low frequencies. The resonance of the cabinet is tuned down and than used to amplify the low end. 21 W-SL and 30 W-SL are perfectly for this purpose. The professionel magnesium die cast frames are stiff and have

nearly no own resonance. The PHA cone is rigid and has a high internal damping. The resonance of the system is adjustable by enlarging the weight of the moving system by means of screwing washers of different mass to the center point.



30 W-SL

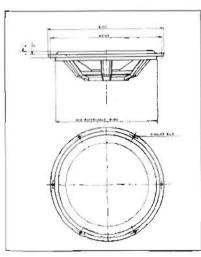
To obtain a lower resonance of the cabinet the cone area of the passiv radiator should be bigger than that of the driver. You may combine the 30 W-SL with a 21 W-54 or take two 30 W-SL with a 30 W-54 (or 30 W-100)



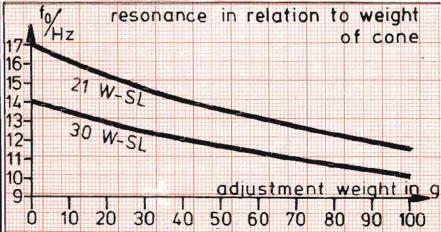


21 W-SL

The 21 W-SL preferably is for very small enclosures i.e. in combination with a 17 W-75. The resonance of the passiv radiator always should be lower than that of the driver.



Bass Speaker	Passiv Radiator	Enclo~ sure Volume in l.	17-16-17-16-17-18-18-18-18-18-18-18-18-18-18-18-18-18-	res
17 W-75	21 W_SL	19	15-	21 W-S
21 W-54	30 W-SL	64	12-	30 M-3
24 W-75	30 W-SL	47	10-	
30 W-54	2×30 W-SL	98	0 10	20



The additional resonance peak when using a passiv radiator adds an extra of low frequencies to the signal. With electronic based music it often is an enrichment. With normal and especially classic music it will be up to the users taste.